THIRUVALLUVAR UNIVERSITY

SERKKADU, VELLORE–632115

M.Sc. CHEMISTRY

SYLLABUS

FROM THE ACADEMIC YEAR

2023 – 2024

CONTENTS

TANSCHE REGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR POSTGRADUATE EDUCATION	
Programme	**M. Sc.,Chemistry**
Programme Code	
Duration	**PG – 2YEARS**
Programme Outcomes (Pos)	**PO1: Problem Solving Skill** Apply knowledge of Management theories and Human Resource practices to solve business problems through research in Global context. **PO2: Decision Making Skill** Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for data-based decision-making. **PO3: Ethical Value** Ability to incorporate quality, ethical and legal value-based perspectives to all organizational activities. **PO4: Communication Skill** Ability to develop communication, managerial and interpersonal skills. **PO5: Individual and Team Leadership Skill** Capability to lead themselves and the team to achieve organizational goals. **PO6: Employability Skill** Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance employability skills in the competitive environment. **PO7: Entrepreneurial Skill** Equip with skills and competencies to become an entrepreneur. **PO8: Contribution to Society**

	Succeed in career endeavors and contribute significantly to society. **PO 9 Multicultural competence** Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective. **PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning** Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life.
Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	**PSO1 – Placement** To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, beliefs and apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions. **PSO 2 - Entrepreneur** To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership skill that will facilitate startups and high potential organizations. **PSO3 – Research and Development** Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development. **PSO4 – Contribution to Business World** To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world. **PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society** To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.

Template for P.G., Programmes

Semester–I	Credit	Hours	Semester-II	Credit	Hours	Semester-III	Credit	Hours	Semester–IV	Credit	Hours
1.1. Core-I	5	7	2.1. Core-IV	5	6	3.1. Core-VII	5	6	4.1. Core-XI	5	6
1.2 Core-II	5	7	2.2 Core-V	5	6	3.2 Core-VIII	5	6	4.2 Core-XII	5	6
1.3 Core – III	4	6	2.3 Core – VI	4	6	3.3 Core – IX	5	6	4.3 Project with viva voce	7	10
1.4 Discipline Centric Elective -I	3	5	2.4 Discipline Centric Elective – III	3	4	3.4 Core – X	4	6	4.4Elective - VI (Industry / Entrepreneurship) 20% Theory 80% Practical	3	4
1.5 Generic Elective-II:	3	5	2.5 Generic Elective -IV:	3	4	3.5 Discipline Centric Elective - V	3	3	4.5 Skill Enhancement course / Professional Competency Skill	2	4
				2	4	3.6 Skill enhancement II	2	3	4.6 Extension Activity	1	
			Human rights	2	2	3.7 Internship/ Industrial Activity	2	-			
			MOOC course	2	-						
	20	**30**		**26**	**30**		**26**	**30**		**23**	**30**
Total Credit Points -95											

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS), Learning Outcomes Based Curriculum Framework (LOCF) Guideline Based Credits and Hours Distribution System
for all Post – Graduate Courses including Lab Hours

First Year – Semester – I

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of Hours
	Core – I	5	7
	Core – II	5	7
	Core – III	4	6
	Elective – I	3	5
	Elective – II	3	5
		20	**30**

Semester-II

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of Hours
	Core – IV	5	6
	Core – V	5	6
	Core – VI	4	6
	Elective – III	3	3
	Elective – IV	3	3
	Skill Enhancement Course [SEC] - I	2	4
	Human rights	2	2
	MOOC course	2	-
		26	**30**

Second Year – Semester – III

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of Hours
	Core – VII	5	6
	Core – VIII	5	6
	Core – IX	5	6
	Core (Industry Module) – X	4	6
	Elective – V	3	3
	Skill Enhancement Course - II	2	3
	Internship / Industrial Activity [Credits]	2	-
		26	**30**

Semester-IV

Part	List of Courses	Credits	No. of Hours
	Core – XI	5	6
	Core – XII	5	6
	Project with VIVA VOCE	7	10
	Elective – VI (Industry Entrepreneurship)	3	4
	Skill Enhancement Course – III / Professional Competency Skill	2	4
	Extension Activity	1	-
		23	**30**

Total 95 Credits for PG Courses

2. StructureofCourse

CourseCode	CourseName		Credits
LectureHours:(L) perweek	TutorialHours: (T)perweek	LabPractice Hours: (P)perweek	Total:(L+T+P) perweek
CourseCategory:	Year&Semester:	AdmissionYear:	
Pre-requisite			
Linksto otherCourses			
LearningObjectives:(forteachers:whattheyhavetodointheclass/lab/field)			
CourseOutcomes:(forstudents:Toknowwhattheyaregoingtolearn) CO1: CO2: CO3: CO4: CO5:			
Recap:(notforexamination)Motivation/previouslecture/relevantportionsrequiredforthe course)[Thisisdoneduring2Tutorialhours)			

Units	Contents	RequiredHours
I		15
II		15
III		15
IV		15
V		15
ExtendedProfessional Component(isapartofinternalcomponent only,Notto	Questionsrelatedtotheabovetopics,fromvariouscompetitiveexaminationsUPSC/TRB/NET/UGC–CSIR/GATE/TNPSC/otherstobesolved(TobediscussedduringtheTutorialhour)	

be includedin the ExternalExaminationquestion paper)		
Skillsacquiredfrom the course	Knowledge,ProblemSolving,Analyticalability,ProfessionalCompetency,ProfessionalCommunicationandTransferrable Skill	
LearningResources: • **RecommendedTexts** • **ReferenceBooks** • **Webresources**		
BoardofStudiesDate:		

3. LearningandTeachingActivities

3.1 TopicwiseDeliverymethod

HourCount	Topic	Unit	ModeofDelivery

3.2 WorkLoad

Theinformationbelowisprovidedasaguidetoassiststudentsinengagingappropriatelywiththecourserequirements.

Activity	Quantity	Workloadperiods
Lectures	60	60
Tutorials	15	15
Assignments	5	5
CycleTestorsimilar	2	4
ModelTestorsimilar	1	3
UniversityExam	1	3
	Total	90periods

TutorialActivities

TutorialCount	Topic

4. LaboratoryActivities

5. Field StudyActivities

6. AssessmentActivities

6.1 AssessmentPrinciples:

Assessmentforthiscourseis basedonthefollowingprinciples

1. Assessment must encourageandreinforcelearning.
2. Assessment mustmeasureachievementofthestatedlearningobjectives.
3. Assessmentmustenablerobustandfair judgmentsaboutstudent performance.
4. Assessmentpracticemustbefairandequitabletostudentsandgivethemthe opportunitytodemonstratewhattheylearned.
5. Assessmentmustmaintainacademicstandards.

6.2 AssessmentDetails:

AssessmentItem	DistributedDueDate	Weightage	Cumulative Weightage
Assignment1	3rdweek	2%	2%
Assignment2	6thWeek	2%	4%
CycleTest–I	7thWeek	6%	10%
Assignment3	8thWeek	2%	12%
Assignment4	11thWeek	2%	14%
CycleTest–II	12thWeek	6%	20%
Assignment5	14thWeek	2%	22%
ModelExam	15thWeek	13%	35%
Attendance	Allweeks as perthe AcademicCalendar	5%	40%
UniversityExam	17thWeek	60%	100%

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h. SampleCOAssessmentTools.
i. FacultyCourseAssessment Report(FCAR)
j. CourseEvaluationSheet
k. TeachingMaterials(PPT,OHPetc)
l. Lecture Notes
m. HomeAssignmentQuestions
n. TutorialSheets
o. RemedialClassRecord,ifany.
p. Projectsrelated tothe Course
q. LaboratoryExperimentsrelatedto the Courses
r. InternalQuestionPaper
s. ExternalQuestionPaper
t. SampleHomeAssignmentAnswerSheets
u. Threebest,threemiddlelevelandthreeaverageAnswersheets
v. ResultAnalysis(COwiseandwholeclass)
w. QuestionBank forHigherstudiesPreparation(GATE/Placement)
x. Listofmenteesandtheiracademicachievements

Illustration–I **CreditDistributionforPGProgrammein ChemistryM.Sc. Chemistry**

	FirstYear Semester-I	**Credit**	**Hoursper week(L/T/P)**
PartA	CC1–Organic Reaction Mechanism-I	5	7
	CC2–Structure and Bonding in Inorganic Compounds	5	7
	CC3 –Organic Chemistry Practical	4	6
	ElectiveI (Generic/DisciplineSpecific) (OnefromGroup A) Pharmaceutical Chemistry/ Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology	3	5
	ElectiveII (Generic/DisciplineSpecific) (OnefromGroupB) Electrochemistry / Molecular Spectroscopy	3	5
	Total	**20**	**30**

	FirstYear Semester-II	**Credit**	**Hours per week (L/T/P)**
PartA	CC4–Organic Reaction Mechanism-II	5	6
	CC5– Physical Chemistry – I	5	6
	CC6 – Inorganic Chemistry Practical	4	6
	ElectiveIII (Generic/DisciplineSpecific) (OnefromGroup C) Medicinal Chemistry / Green Chemistry	3	3
	ElectiveIV (Computer / IT related) (OnefromGroup D) Bio-inorganic Chemistry / Material Science	3	3
	Skill Enhancement Course – SEC 2 (One From Group G)	2	4
	Human rights	2	2
	MOOC course	2	-
	Total	**26**	**30**

	Semester-III	**Credit**	**Hours per week (L/T/P)**
PartA	CC7–Organic Synthesis and Photochemistry	5	6
	CC8– Coordination Chemistry – I	5	6
	CC9–Physical Chemistry Practical	5	6
	CC10– Analytical Instrumentation Technique Practical	4	6
Part B	Elective V (Generic/DisciplineSpecific) (OnefromGroup E) Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry	3	3
	Skill Enhancement course- SEC 3: Professional Communication Skill- Term paper and Seminar Presentation	2	3
	Internship / Industrial Activity	2	-
	Total	**26**	**30**

	Second Year Semester-IV	**Credit**	**Hours per week (L/T/P)**
PartA	Core Project with viva voce,	7	10
	CC11- Coordination Chemistry –II	5	6
	CC12- Physical Chemistry – II	5	6
Part B	Elective VI (Generic / Discipline Specific) (One from Group F) Chemistry of Natural Products / Polymer Chemistry	3	4
	Professional Competency Skill Enhancement CourseTraining for Competitive Examinations • Chemistry for NET / UGC - CSIR/ SET / TRB Competitive Examinations (2 hours) • General Studies for UPSC / TNPSC / Other Competitive Examinations (2 hours)[OR] Chemistry for Advanced Research Studies (4 hours)	2	4
	Extension Activity	1	-
	Total	**23**	**30**

Consolidated TableforCreditsDistribution

	Category ofCourses	Credits foreach Course	NumberofCourses	NumberofCredits in eachCategoryof Courses	TotalCredits	TotalCreditsfor the Programme
PART A	Core	5 4	10 2	58	83	92(CGPA)
	Project with vivavoce	7	1	7		
	Industry alignedProgrammes-					
	Elective(GenericandDiscipline Centric)	3	6	18		
PARTB (i)	SkillEnhancement&	2	3	6	10	
	Human rights and MOOC course	2 2	1 1	4		
PART B (ii)	Ability Enhancement (Softskill)	2	4	8	2	3(Non CGPA)
(iii)	SummerInternship	1	2	2		
PART C	Extension Activity	1	1	1	1	
						95

7. TemplateforSemester

Code	Category	TitleofthePaper	Marks (Max100)		Duration forUE	Credits
			CIA	UE		
Semester–I						
PartA	CoreI	Organic reaction mechanism-I	25	75	3Hrs	5
	CoreII	Structure and Bonding in Inorganic compounds	25	75	3Hrs	5
	CoreIII	Organic chemistry Practical	25	75	6Hrs	4
	ElectiveI	Elective-I(Pharmaceutical chemistry/ Electrochemistry)	25	75	3Hrs	3
	ElectiveII	Elective-IIMolecular spectroscopy/ Nanomaterials and nanotechnology	25	75	3Hrs	3
			Total			**20**
Semester-II						
PartA	CoreIV	Organic reaction mechanism-II	25	75	3Hrs	5
	CoreV	Physical Chemistry-I	25	75	3Hrs	5
	CoreVI	Inorganic chemistry Practical	25	75	6 Hrs	4
	ElectiveIII	Elective-III (Medicinal chemistry/Green chemistry)	25	75	3Hrs	3
	ElectiveIV	Elective-IV(Bio-inorganic chemistry/Materials chemistry)	25	75	3Hrs	3

PartB	SkillEnhance ment Course-SEC2	(Choose one fromGroup-G)	InternalAssessment	2
	Human rights			**2**
	MOOC course			**2**
			Total	**26**

Semester-III						
PartA	Core VII	Organic synthesis and Photochemistry	25	75	3Hrs	5
	Core VIII	Corodination chemistry-I	25	75	3Hrs	5
	CoreIX	**PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL**	25	75	6Hrs	5
	Core X	**ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES Practical**	25	75	6Hrs	4
	Elective/EDV	Elective-VI /ED-V(Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry)	25	75	3Hrs	3
PartB						
	Skill based(TermpaperandSeminar)	Assignmentofproblem bythefacultyLecture-I(bythestudent) 25%Lecture-II(bythestudent) 25%Lecture-III(bythestudent) 25% Submissionofawrite-up (10-15pagesusingLaTeX) 25% Marks/Grade Point/ LetterGrade asperthe Regulation)				2
	Internship/Industrial- VacationActivity					2
	Total					**26**
Semester-IV						
PartA	CoreXI	Coordination chemistry-II	25	75	3Hrs	5
	CoreXII	Physical chemistry-II	25	75	3Hrs	5
	Core Project with viva voce					7
	ElectiveVI	Elective-VI (Chemistry of natural products/ Polymer chemistry)	25	75	3Hrs	3
PartB	SkillEnhancement Course-SEC4	ProfessionalCompetency Skill EnhancementCourse	InternalAssessment			2
PartC	Extension Activity	Performancebasedassessment				1
					Total	**23**
					TotalCredits	**95**

ElectiveCourses

Coursesaregrouped(GroupAtoGroupF)soastoincludetopicsfromPureChemistry(PC),AppliedChemistry (AC) and IndustrialComponents(IC) like pharmaceutical industries, Polymer labscoursesforflexibilityofchoicebythe stakeholders/institutions.

SemesterI:ElectiveIandElectiveII

ElectiveI tobe chosenfromGroupAand**Elective II** tobe chosenfromGroupB

GroupA:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Pharmaceutical Chemistry
2. Electrochemistry

GroupB:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology
2. Molecular Spectroscopy

SemesterII:ElectiveIII& ElectiveIV

Elective III to be chosen from **Group C** and **Elective IV** to be chosen from **Group DGroupC**:**(PC/AC/IC)**

1. Medicinal Chemistry
2. Green Chemistry

GroupD:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Bioinorganic Chemistry
2. Material Science

SemesterIII:ElectiveV

Elective Vtobe chosenfromGroupE.

GroupE:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry
2. Biomolecules and Heterocyclic compounds

SemesterIV:ElectiveVI

ElectiveVIto be chosen fromGroupF.

GroupF:(PC/AC/IC)

1. Chemistry of Natural products
2. Polymer Chemistry

SkillEnhancementCourses

Skill Enhancement Courses are chosen to keep in pace with the latest developments inthe academic / industrial front and provides flexibility of choice by the stakeholders /institutions.

GroupG(SkillEnhancementCourses)SEC:(Practical based paper)

- Computational Chemistry
- 3D printing in Chemistry
- Preparation of Consumer products
- Chemistry in everyday life
- Cosmetic Chemistry
- Origin lab
- Industrial Chemistry
- Research Tools and Techniques

AbilityEnhancement Courses

- Soft Skill courses

ExtraDisciplinaryCoursesforotherDepartments(not forMathematicsstudents)

StudentsfromotherDepartmentsmayalsochooseanyoneofthefollowing asExtraDisciplinaryCourse.

ED-I: Chemistry for
Life Sciences

ED-II:Chemical
conservation

ED-III:Chemistry in food
preservation

ED-IV:Chemistry for Social
studies

ED-V:Chemistry in consumer products

8. InstructionsforCourseTransaction

Courses	Lecture Hrs	Tutorial hrs	LabPractice	Total hrs
Core	75	15	--	90
Electives	75	15	--	90
ED	75	15	--	90
LabPracticeCourses	-	15	75	90
Project	20	--	70	90

9. Testing Pattern (25+75)

13.1Internal Assessment

Theory Course: For theory courses there shall be three tests conducted by the faculty concernedand the average of the best two can be taken as the Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) for amaximumof25marks.The durationofeachtestshallbe one/oneandahalfhour.

Computer Laboratory Courses: For Computer Laboratory Oriented Courses, there shall be twotests in Theory part and two tests in Laboratory part. Choose one best from Theory part and otherbest from the two Laboratory part. The average of the best two can be treated as the CIA for amaximumof25marks.The durationofeachtestshallbe one/oneanda halfhour.

Thereis noimprovementforCIAofboththeoryandlaboratory, and, alsoforUniversityEndSemesterExamination.

14. DifferentTypesofCourses

(i) CoreCourses(Illustrative)

1. Organic Reaction mechanism I & II
2. Structure and bonding in Inorganic compounds
3. Organic Chemistry Practical
4. Physical Chemistry-I & II
5. Inorganic Chemistry Practical
6. Organic synthesis and Photochemistry
7. Coordination Chemistry-I & II
8. Physical Chemistry Practical
9. Analytical Instrumentation technique practical

(ii) ElectiveCourses(EDwithintheDepartmentExperts)(Illustrative)

1. Pharmaceutical Chemistry
2. Nanomaterials and Nanotechnology
3. Electrochemistry
4. Molecular Spectroscopy
5. Medicinal Chemistry
6. Green Chemistry
7. Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry
8. Biomolecules and Heterocyclic compounds
9. Bio inorganic Chemistry
10. Material Science
11. Chemistry of Natural products
12. Polymer chemistry

(iii)ElectiveCourses(EDfromotherDepartmentExperts)

(iv) SkillDevelopmentCourses

(v) Institution-Industry-Interaction(IndustryalignedCourses)

Programmes /course work/fieldstudy/Modelling the Industry Problem/StatisticalAnalysis/Commerce-Industryrelatedproblems/MoU withIndustryandthelike activities.

TANSCHE REGULATIONS ON LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERGRADUATE EDUCATION	
Programme	**M.Sc.**
Programme Code	
Duration	**2 years for PG**
Programme Outcomes (Pos)	**PO1: Problem Solving Skill** Apply knowledge of Management theories and Human Resource practices to solve business problems through research in Global context. **PO2: Decision Making Skill** Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for data-based decision-making. **PO3: Ethical Value** Ability to incorporate quality, ethical and legal value-based perspectives to all organizational activities. **PO4: Communication Skill** Ability to develop communication, managerial and interpersonal skills. **PO5: Individual and Team Leadership Skill** Capability to lead themselves and the team to achieve organizational goals. **PO6: Employability Skill** Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance employability skills in the competitive environment. **PO7: Entrepreneurial Skill** Equip with skills and competencies to become an entrepreneur. **PO8: Contribution to Society** Succeed in career endeavors and contribute significantly to society. **PO 9 Multicultural competence** Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple cultures and a global perspective. **PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning** Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's life.
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	PSO3 – Research and Development Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded in research that comply with employment laws, leading the organization towards growth and development. **PSO4 – Contribution to Business World** To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals to sustain in the dynamic business world. **PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society** To contribute to the development of the society by collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.

15. Syllabusfordifferent CoursesofM.Sc. Chemistry

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM - I</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the feasibility and the mechanism of various organic reactions.
To comprehend the techniques in the determination of reaction mechanisms.
To understand the concept of stereochemistry involved in organic compounds.
To correlate and appreciate the differences involved in the various types of organic reaction mechanisms.
To design feasible synthetic routes for the preparation of organic compounds.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Methods of Determination of Reaction Mechanism: Reaction intermediates. The transition state, Reaction coordinate diagrams, Thermodynamic and kinetic requirements of reactions: Hammond postulate. Methods of determining mechanism: non-kinetic methods – product analysis, determination of intermediates-isolation, detection, and trapping. Cross-over experiments, isotopic labelling, isotope effects and stereo chemical evidences. Kinetic methods - relation of rate and mechanism. Effect of structure on reactivity: Hammett and Taft equations. Linear free energy relationship, partial rate factor, substituent and reaction constants.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Aromatic and Aliphatic Electrophilic Substitution:
Aromaticity: Aromaticity in benzenoid, non-benzenoid, heterocyclic compounds and annulenes. Aromatic electrophilic substitution: Orientation and reactivity of di- and polysubstituted phenol, nitrobenzene and halobenzene. Reactions involving nitrogen electrophiles: nitration, nitrosation and diazonium coupling; Sulphur electrophiles: sulphonation; Halogen electrophiles: chlorination and bromination; Carbon electrophiles: Friedel-Crafts alkylation, acylation and arylation reactions. Aliphatic electrophilic substitution Mechanisms: SE2 and SEi, SE1- Mechanism and evidences.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III:Aromatic and Aliphatic Nucleophilic Substitution: Aromatic nucleophilic substitution: Mechanisms - SNAr, SN1 and Benzyne mechanisms - Evidences - Reactivity, Effect of structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. Reactions: Oxygen and Sulphur-nucleophiles,</td></tr>
</table>

	Bucherer and Rosenmund reactions, von Richter, Sommelet- Hauser and Smiles rearrangements. SN1, ion pair, SN2 mechanisms and evidences. Aliphatic nucleophilic substitutions at an allylic carbon, aliphatic trigonal carbon and vinyl carbon.SN1, SN2, SNi, and SE1 mechanism and evidences.
	UNIT-IV:Stereochemistry-I: Introduction to molecular symmetry and chirality – axis, plane, centre, alternating axis of symmetry. Optical isomerism due to asymmetric and dissymmetric molecules with C, N, S based chiral centres. Optical purity, prochirality, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups, faces, axial and planar chirality, chirality due to helical shape, methods of determining the configuration. Racemic modifications: Racemization by thermal, anion, cation, reversible formation, epimerization, mutarotation. D, L system, Cram's and Prelog's rules: R, S notations, proR, proS, side phase and re phase Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules, absolute and relative configurations. Configurations of allenes, spiranes, biphenyls, cyclooctene, helicene, binaphthyls, exo-cyclic alkylidene-cycloalkanes. Asymmetric synthesis, destruction. Stereoselective and stereospecific synthesis
	UNIT-V:Stereochemistry-II: Conformation and reactivity of acyclic systems, intramolecular rearrangements, neighbouring group participation, chemical consequence of conformational equilibrium. Stability of five and six-membered rings: mono-, di- and polysubstituted cyclohexanes, conformation and reactivity in cyclohexane systems. Fused and bridged rings: bicyclic, poly cyclic systems, decalins and Brett's rule. Optical rotation and optical rotatory dispersion, conformational asymmetry, ORD curves, octant rule, configuration and conformation.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J. March and M. Smith, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th edition, John-Wiley and Sons.2001. 2. E. S. Gould, Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc., 1959. 3. P.S.Kalsi, Stereochemistry of carbon compounds, 8th edition, New Age International Publishers, 2015. 4. P. Y. Bruice, Organic Chemistry, 7th edn, Prentice Hall, 2013. 5. J.Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren, Organic Compounds, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, 2014.

Reference Books	1. F.A. Carey and R.J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry Part-A and B, 5th edition, Kluwer Academic / Plenum Publishers, 2007. 2. D. G. Morris, Stereochemistry, RSC Tutorial Chemistry Text 1, 2001. 3. N.S. Isaacs, Physical Organic Chemistry, ELBS, Longman, UK, 1987. 4. E. L. Eliel, Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Tata-McGraw Hill, 2000. 5. I. L. Finar, Organic chemistry, Vol-1&2, 6th edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2004.
Website and e-learning source	1.https://sites.google.com/site/chemistryebookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic 2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able

CLO1: To recall the basic principles of organic chemistry.

CLO2: To understand the formation and detection of reaction intermediates of organicreactions.

CLO3: To predict the reaction mechanism of organic reactions and stereochemistry of organic compounds.

CLO4: To apply the principles of kinetic and non-kinetic methods to determine the mechanism of reactions.

CLO5:To design and synthesize new organic compounds by correlating the stereochemistryof organic compounds.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

Strong - 3 **Medium-2** **Low-1**

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Methods of Evaluation		
Internal Evaluation	Continuous Internal Assessment Test	25 Marks
	Assignments	
	Seminars	
	Attendance and Class Participation	
External Evaluation	End Semester Examination	75 Marks
	Total	100 Marks
Methods of Assessment		
Recall (K1)	Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions.	
Understand/ Comprehend (K2)	MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, short summary or overview.	
Application (K3)	Suggest idea/concept with examples, suggest formulae, solve problems, Observe, Explain.	
Analyze (K4)	Problem-solving questions, finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge.	
Evaluate (K5)	Longer essay/ Evaluation essay, Critique or justify with pros and cons.	
Create (K6)	Check knowledge in specific or offbeat situations, Discussion, Debating or Presentations.	

In order to avoid pull the score down of each PO, it is suggested that the usage L-Low (1) to the minimum.
The S, M, L is based on the course outcome. The mapping is based on the revised Bloom's Taxonomy Verbs used to describe your course outcome.

- Remember and Understanding – Lower level
- Apply and Analyze – Medium Level
- Evaluate and Create – Strong Level

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">STRUCTURE AND BONDING IN INORGANIC COMPOUNDS</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Core II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="3">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic concepts of Inorganic Chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To determine the structural properties of main group compounds and clusters.
To gain fundamental knowledge on the structural aspects of ionic crystals.
To familiarize various diffraction and microscopic techniques.
To study the effect of point defects and line defects in ionic crystals.
To evaluate the structural aspects of solids.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I:Structure of main group compounds and clusters: VB theory – Effect of lone pair and electronegativity of atoms (Bent’s rule) on the geometry of the molecules; Structure of silicates - applications of Pauling’s rule of electrovalence - isomorphous replacements in silicates – ortho, meta and pyro silicates – one dimensional, two dimensional and three-dimensional silicates. Structure of silicones, Structural and bonding features of B-N, S-N and P-N compounds; Poly acids – types, examples and structures; Borane cluster: Structural features of closo, nido, arachano; carboranes, hetero and metalloboranes; Wade’s rule to predict the structure of Borane cluster; main group clusters</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-II: Solid state chemistry – I: Ionic crystals: Packing of ions in simple, hexagonal and cubic close packing, voids in crystal lattice, Radius ratio, Crystal systems and Bravais lattices, Symmetry operations in crystals, glide planes and screw axis; point group and space group; Solid state energetics: Lattice energy – Born-Lande equation - Kapustinski equation, Madelung constant.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-III:Solid state chemistry – II: Structural features of the crystal systems: Rock salt, zinc blende & wurtzite, fluorite and anti-fluorite, rutile and anatase, cadmium iodide and nickel arsenide; Spinels -normal and inverse types and perovskite structures. Crystal Growth methods: From melt and solution (hydrothermal, sol-gel methods) – principles and
examples.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-IV:Techniques in solid state chemistry: X-ray diffraction technique: Bragg’s law, Powder diffraction method – Principle and Instrumentation; Interpretation of XRD data, Phase purity, lattice constants calculation; Systematic absence of reflections; Electron diffraction technique – principle, instrumentation and application. Electron microscopy – difference between optical and electron microscopy, theory, principle, instrumentation, sampling methods and</td></tr>
</table>

	applications of SEM and TEM.
	UNIT-V:Band theory and defects in solids Band theory – features and its application of conductors, insulators and semiconductors, Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors; Defects in crystals – point defects (Schottky, Frenkel, metal excess and metal deficient) and their effect on the electrical and optical property, laser and phosphors; Linear defects and its effects due to dislocations.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. A R West, Solid state Chemistry and its applications, 2ndEdition (Students Edition), John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2014. 2. A K Bhagi and G R Chatwal, A textbook of inorganic polymers, Himalaya Publishing House, 2001. 3. L Smart, E Moore, Solid State Chemistry – An Introduction, 4th Edition, CRC Press, 2012. 4. K. F. Purcell and J. C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry; W.B. Saunders company: Philadelphia, 1977. 5. J. E. Huheey, E. A. Keiter and R. L. Keiter, Inorganic Chemistry; 4th ed.; Harper and Row: NewYork, 1983.
Reference Books	1. D. E. Douglas, D.H. McDaniel and J. J. Alexander, Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Ed, 1994. 2. R J D Tilley, Understanding Solids - The Science of Materials, 2nd edition, Wiley Publication, 2013. 3. C N R Rao and J Gopalakrishnan, New Directions in Solid State Chemistry, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 199. 4. T. Moeller, Inorganic Chemistry, A Modern Introduction; John Wiley: New York, 1982. 5. D. F. Shriver, P. W. Atkins and C.H. Langford; Inorganic Chemistry; 3rd ed.; Oxford University Press: London, 2001.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/3-091-introduction-to-solid-state-chemistry-fall-2018/video_galleries/lecture-videos/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able

CO1: Predict the geometry of main group compounds and clusters.
CO2: Explain about the packing of ions in crystals and apply the radius ratio rule to predict the coordination number of cations.
CO3: Understand the various types of ionic crystal systems and analyze their structural features.
CO4: Explain the crystal growth methods.
CO5:To understand the principles of diffraction techniques and microscopic techniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">5</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the concept of separation, qualitative analysis and preparation of organiccompounds.
To develop analytical skill in the handling of chemical reagents for separation of binary and ternaryorganic mixtures.
To analyze the separated organic components systematically and derivatize them suitably.
To construct suitable experimental setup for the organic preparations involving two stages.
To experiment different purification and drying techniques for the compound processing.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Separation and analysis:
Two component mixtures. Ternary component (Demo)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Estimations:

a) a) Estimation of Phenol (bromination)
b) Estimation of Aniline (bromination)
c) Estimation of Ethyl methyl ketone (iodimetry)
d) Estimation of Glucose (redox)
e) Estimation of Ascorbic acid (iodimetry)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Two stage preparations:
a) p-Bromoacetanilide from aniline
b) p-Nitroaniline from acetanilide
c) 1,3,5-Tribromobenzene from aniline
d) Acetyl salicyclic acid from methyl salicylate
e) Benzilic acid from benzoin
f) m-Nitroaniline from nitrobenzene
g) m-Nitrobenzoic acid from methyl benzoate</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
<tr><td>Skills acquired from this course</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Recommended</td><td colspan="7">1. A R West, Solid state Chemistry and its applications, 2ndEdition</td></tr>
</table>

Text	(Students Edition), John Wiley & Sons Ltd., 2014. 2. A K Bhagi and G R Chatwal, A textbook of inorganic polymers, Himalaya Publishing House, 2001. 3. L Smart, E Moore, Solid State Chemistry – An Introduction, 4th Edition, CRC Press, 2012.
Reference Books	1. D. E. Douglas, D.H. McDaniel and J. J. Alexander, Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Ed, 1994. 2. R J D Tilley, Understanding Solids - The Science of Materials, 2nd edition, Wiley Publication, 2013. 3. C N R Rao and J Gopalakrishnan, New Directions in Solid State Chemistry, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 199.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/3-091-introduction-to-solid-state-chemistry-fall-2018/video_galleries/lecture-videos/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the basic principles of organic separation, qualitative analysis and preparation.
CO2: To explain the method of separation and analysis of separated organic mixtures and convert them as derivatives by suitable preparation method.
CO3: To determine the characteristics of separation of organic compounds by variouschemical reactions.
CO4: To develop strategies to separate, analyze and prepare organic compounds.
CO5:To formulate a method of separation, analysis of organic mixtures and design suitableprocedure for organic preparations.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3

CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge on drugs and doses</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the advanced concepts of pharmaceutical chemistry.
To recall the principle and biological functions of various drugs.
To train the students to know the importance as well the consequences of various drugs.
To have knowledge on the various analysis and techniques.
To familiarize on the drug dosage and its structural activities.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Physical properties in Pharmaceuticals: Physical properties of drug molecule: physical properties. Refractive index- Definition, explanation, formula, importance, determination, specific & molar refraction. Dielectric constant & Induced Polarization- Dielectric constant explanation & determination. Rheology of pharmaceutical systems: Introduction, Definition, Applications, concept of viscosity, Newton’s law of flow, Kinematic, Relative,Specific, Reduced & Intrinsic viscosity.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Isotopic Dilution analysis:principle and applications, Neutron activation analysis: Principle, advantages and limitations, Scintillation counters: Body scanning. Introduction to radiopharmaceuticals. Properties of various types of radiopharmaceuticals, Radio-pharmaceuticals as diagnostics, as therapeutics, for research and sterilization. Physico Chemical Properties and drug action. Physico chemical properties of drugs (a) Partition coefficient, (b) solubility (c) surface activity, (d) degree of ionization.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Drug dosage and product development: Introduction to drug dosage Forms & Drug Delivery system – Definition of Common terms. Drug Regulation and control, pharmacopoeias formularies, sources of drug, drug nomenclature, routes of administration of drugs products, need for a dosage form, classification of dosage forms. Drug dosage and product development. Introduction to drug dosage Forms & Drug Delivery system – Definition of Common terms. Drug Regulation and control, pharmacopoeias formularies, sources of drug, drug nomenclature, routes of administration of drugs products, need for a dosage form, classification of dosage forms.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV:Development of new drugs:Introduction, procedure followed in drug design, the research for lead compounds, molecular modification of lead compounds. Structure-Activity Relationship (SAR) Factors effecting bioactivity, resonance, inductive effect, isoterism, bioisosterism, spatial considerations, biological properties of simple functional groups, theories of drug activity, occupancy theory, rate theory, induced-fit theory.</td></tr>
</table>

	UNIT-V:Computers in Pharmaceutical Chemistry: Need of computers for chemistry. Computers for Analytical Chemists Introduction to computers: Organization of computers, CPU, Computer memory, I/O devices, information storage, software components. Application of computers in chemistry: Quantitative structure activity relationship (QSAR): Development of QSAR, drug receptor interactions, the additivity of group contributions, physico-chemical parameters, lipophilicity parameters, electronic parameter, ionization constants, steric parameters, chelation parameters, redox potential, indicator-variables
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Physical Chemistry- Bahl and Tuli. 2. Text Book of Physical Pharmaceutics, IInd edition, Vallabh Prakashan-.C.V.S. Subramanyam. 3. Medicinal Chemistry (Organic Pharmaceutical Chemistry), G.R Chatwal, Himalaya Publishing house. 4. Instrumental method of Analysis: Hubert H, Willard,7th edition. 5. Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry by,Jayshree Ghosh, S. Chand & company Ltd.Pharmaceutical Chemistry by Dr. S. Lakshmi, Sultanchand & Sons.
Reference Books	1. Computers in chemistry, K.V. Raman, Tata Mc.Graw-Hill, 1993. 2. Computers for Chemists, S.K Pundir, Anshu bansal, A pragate prakashan., 2 nd edition, New age international (P) limited, New Delhi. 3. Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences by Martins, Patrick J. Sinko, Lippincott. William and Wilkins. 4. Cooper and Gunn's Tutorial Pharmacy ,6th edition by S.J. Carter, CBS Publisher Ltd. 5. Ansels pharmaceutical Dosage forms and Drug Delivery System by Allen Popvich and Ansel, Indian edition-B.I. Publication Pvt. Ltd.

Website and e-learning source	https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK482447/ https://training.seer.cancer.gov/treatment/chemotherapy/types.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
Students will be able:

CO1: To identify the suitable drugs for various diseases.
CO2: To apply the principles of various drug action and drug design.
CO3: To acquire the knowledge on product development based on SAR.
CO4: To apply the knowledge on applications of computers in chemistry.
CO5:To synthesize new drugs after understanding the concepts SAR.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ELECTROCHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective I</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of electrochemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the behavior of electrolytes in terms of conductance, ionic atmosphere, interactions.
To familiarize the structure of the electrical double layer of different models.
To compare electrodes between current density and over potential.
To discuss the mechanism of electrochemical reactions.
To highlight the different types of over voltages and its applications in electroanalytical techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Ionics: Arrhenius theory -limitations, van’t Hoff factor and its relation to colligative properties. Deviation from ideal behavior. Ionic activity, mean ionic activity and mean ionic activity coefficient-concept of ionic strength, Debye Huckel theory of strong electrolytes,activity coefficient of strong electrolytes Determination of activity coefficient ion solvent and ion-ion interactions. Born equation.Debye-Huckel Bjerrum model. Derivation of Debye-Huckel limiting law at appreciable concentration of electrolytes modifications and applications.Electrolytic conduction-Debye-Huckel Onsager treatment of strong electrolyte-qualitative and quantitative verification and limitations. Evidence for ionic atmosphere. Ion association and triple ion formations.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Electrode-electrolyte interface: Interfacial phenomena - Evidences for electrical double layer, polarizable and non-polarizable interfaces, Electrocapillary phenomena - Lippmann equation electro capillary curves. Electro-kinetic phenomena electro-osmosis, electrophoresis, streaming and sedimentation potentials, colloidal and poly electrolytes. Structure of double layer: Helmholtz -Perrin, Guoy Chapman and Stern models of electrical double layer. Zeta potential and potential at zero charge. Applications and limitations.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III:Electrodics of Elementary Electrode Reactions: Behavior of electrodes: Standard electrodes and electrodes at equilibrium. Anodic and Cathodic currents, condition for the discharge of ions. Nernst equation, polarizable and non-polarizable electrodes. Model of three electrode system, over potential. Rate of electro chemical reactions: Rates of simple elementary reactions. Butler-Volmer equation-significance of exchange current density, net current density and symmetry factor. Low and high field approximations. symmetry factor and transfer coefficient Tafel equations and Tafel plots.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV:Electrodics of Multistep Multi Electron System: Rates of multi-step electrode reactions, Butler - Volmer equation for a multi-step reaction. Rate determining step, electrode polarization and</td></tr>
</table>

	depolarization. Transfer coefficients, its significance and determination, Stoichiometric number. Electro-chemical reaction mechanisms-rate expressions, order, and surface coverage. Reduction of I3-, Fe2+, and dissolution of Fe to Fe2+. Overvoltage - Chemical and electro chemical, Phase, activation and concentration over potentials. Evolution of oxygen and hydrogen at different pH. Pourbiax and Evan's diagrams.
	UNIT-V:Concentration Polarization, Batteries and Fuel cells: Modes of Transport of electro active species - Diffusion, migration and hydrodynamic modes. Role of supporting electrolytes. Polarography principle and applications. Principle of square wave polarography. Cyclic voltammetry- anodic and cathodic stripping voltammetry and differential pulse voltammetry. Sodium and lithium-ion batteries and redox flowbatteries. Mechanism of charge storage: conversion and alloying. Capacitors- mechanism of energy storage, charging at constant current and constant voltage. Energy production systems: Fuel Cells: classification, alkaline fuel cells, phosphoric acid fuel cells, hightemperature fuel cells.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. D. R. Crow, Principles and applications of electrochemistry, 4thedition, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2014. 2. J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriakose, Kinetics and Mechanism of chemical transformations Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2011. 3. S. Glasstone, Electro chemistry, Affiliated East-West Press, Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. 4. B. Viswanathan, S. Sundaram, R. Venkataraman, K. Rengarajan and P.S. Raghavan, Electrochemistry-Principles and applications, S. Viswanathan Printers, Chennai,2007. 5. Joseph Wang, Analytical Electrochemistry, 2nd edition, Wiley, 2004.
Reference Books	1. J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Modern Electro chemistry, vol.1 and 2B, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 2. J.O.M. Bockris, A.K.N. Reddy and M.G. Aldeco Morden Electro chemistry, vol. 2A, Springer, Plenum Press, New York, 2008. 3. Philip H. Rieger, Electrochemistry, 2nd edition, Springer, New York, 2010. 4. L.I. Antropov, Theoretical electrochemistry, Mir Publishers, 1977.

	5. K.L. Kapoor, A Text book of Physical chemistry, volume-3, Macmillan, 2001.

Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/modern-electrochemistry-e34333229.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand the behaviour of electrolytes in solution and compare the structures of electrical double layer of different models.

CO2: To predict the kinetics of electrode reactions applying Butler-Volmer and Tafel equations

CO3: To study different thermodynamic mechanism of corrosion,

CO4: To discuss the theories of electrolytes, electrical double layer, electrodics and activitycoefficient of electrolytes

CO5:To have knowledge on storage devices and electrochemical reaction mechanism.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">NANO MATERIALS AND NANO TECHNOLOGY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td><td colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of crystallography and material science</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the concept of nano materials and nano technology.
To understand the various types of nano materials and their properties.
To understand the applications of synthetically important nano materials.
To correlate the characteristics of various nano materials synthesized by new technologies.
To design synthetic routes for synthetically used new nano materials.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Introduction of nanomaterials and nanotechnologies, Introduction-role of size, classification-0D, 1D, 2D, 3D. Synthesis Bottom –Up, Top–Down, consolidation of Nano powders. Features of nanostructures, Background of nanostructures. Techniques of synthesis of nanomaterials, Tools of the nanoscience. Applications of nanomaterials and technologies.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Bonding and structure of the nanomaterials, Predicting the Type of Bonding in a Substance crystal structure. Metallic nanoparticles, Surfaces of Materials, Nanoparticle Size and Properties. Synthesis Physical and chemical methods - inert gas condensation, arc discharge, laser ablation, sol-gel, solvo-thermal and hydrothermal-CVD-types,metallo organic, plasma enhanced, and low-pressure CVD. Microwave assisted and electrochemical synthesis.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-III:Mechanical properties of materials, theories relevant to mechanical properties. Techniques to study mechanical properties of nanomaterials, adhesion and friction, thermal properties of nanomaterials Nanoparticles: gold and silver, metal oxides: silica, iron oxide and alumina - synthesis and properties</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV:Electrical properties, Conductivity and Resistivity, Classification of Materials based on Conductivity, magnetic properties, electronic properties of materials. Classification of magnetic phenomena. Semiconductor materials – classification-Ge, Si, GaAs, SiC, GaN, GaP, CdS,PbS. Identification of materials as p and n –type semiconductor-Hall effect - quantum and anomalous, Hall voltage - interpretation of charge carrier density. Applications of semiconductors: p-n junction as transistors and rectifiers, photovoltaic and photogalvanic
cell.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-V:Nano thin films, nanocomposites. Application of nanoparticles in different fields. Core-shell nanoparticles - types, synthesis, and properties. Nanocomposites - metal-, ceramic- and polymer-matrix composites applications. Characterization – SEM, TEM and AFM -</td></tr>
</table>

	principle,instrumentation and applications.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. S.Mohan and V. Arjunan, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016. 2. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications,2007. 3. Giacavazzo et. al., Fundamentals of Crystallography, International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. Woolfson, An Introduction to Crystallography, Cambridge University Press, 2012. 5. James F. Shackelford and Madanapalli K. Muralidhara, Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers. 6th ed., PEARSON Press, 2007.
Reference Books	1. S.Mohan and V. Arjunan, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016. 2. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications,2007. 3. Giacavazzo et. al., Fundamentals of Crystallography, International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. Woolfson, An Introduction to Crystallography, Cambridge University Press, 2012. 5. James F. Shackelford and Madanapalli K. Muralidhara, Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers. 6th ed., PEARSON Press, 2007.
Website and e-learning source	1. http://xrayweb.chem.ou.edu/notes/symmetry.html. 2. http://www.uptti.ac.in/classroom-content/data/unit%20cell.pdf.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To explain methods of fabricating nanostructures.

CO2: To relate the unique properties of nanomaterials to reduce dimensionality of the material.

CO3: To describe tools for properties of nanostructures.

CO4: To discuss applications of nanomaterials.

CO5:To understand the health and safety related to nanomaterial.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">MOLECULAR SPECTROSCOPY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>I</td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of spectroscopy</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the influence of rotation and vibrations on the spectra of the polyatomic molecules.
To study the principle of Raman spectroscopy, ESR spectroscopy, EPR spectroscopy and fragmentation patterns in Mass spectroscopy.
To highlight the significance of Franck-Condon principle to interpret the selection rule, intensity and types of electronic transitions.
To interpret the first and second order NMR spectra in terms of splitting and coupling patterns using correlation techniques such as COSY, HETCOR, NOESY.
To carry out the structural elucidation of molecules using different spectral techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Rotational and Raman Spectroscopy: Rotational spectra of diatomic and polyatomic molecules. Intensities of rotational spectral lines, effect of isotopic substitution. Non-rigid rotators. Classical theory of the Raman effect, polarizability as a tensor, polarizability ellipsoids, quantum theory of the Raman effect, Pure rotational Raman spectra of linear and asymmetric top molecules, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines. Vibrational Raman spectra, Raman activity of vibrations, rule of mutual exclusion, rotational fine structure-O and S branches, Polarization of Raman scattered photons.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Vibrational Spectroscopy: Vibrations of molecules, harmonic and anharmonic oscillators- vibrational energy expression, energy level diagram, vibrational wave functions and their symmetry, selection rules, expression for the energies of spectral lines, computationof intensities, hot bands, effect of isotopic substitution. Diatomic vibrating rotor, vibrational-rotational spectra of diatomic molecules, P, R branches, breakdown of the Born-Oppenheimer approximation. Vibrations of polyatomic molecules – symmetry properties, overtone and
combination frequencies. Influence of rotation on vibrational spectra of polyatomic molecule, P, Q, R branches, parallel and perpendicular vibrations of linear and symmetric top molecules.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III:Electronic spectroscopy: Electronic Spectroscopy: Electronic spectroscopy of diatomic molecules, Frank-Condon principle, dissociation and pre-dissociation spectra. $\pi\rightarrow\pi^*$, $n\rightarrow\pi^*$ transitions and their selection rules. Photoelectron Spectroscopy: Basic principles,
photoelectron spectra of simple molecules, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS). Lasers: Laser action, population inversion,</td></tr>
</table>

	properties of laser radiation, examples of simple laser systems.
	UNIT-IV:NMR and ESR spectroscopy: Chemical shift, Mechanism of shielding and de-shielding. Spin systems: Simplification of complex spectra. Spin-spin interactions: Homonuclear coupling interactions - AX, AX2, AB types. Vicinal, germinal and long-range coupling-spin decoupling. Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE), Factors influencing coupling constants and Relative intensities. 13CNMR and structural correlations, Satellites. ESR spectroscopy Characteristic features of ESR spectra, line shapes and line widths; The g value and the hyperfine coupling parameter (A). Interpretation of ESR spectra and structure elucidation of organic radicals using ESR spectroscopy; Spin orbit coupling and significance of g tensors, zero/non-zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy.
	UNIT-V:Mass Spectrometry, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy: Ionization techniques- Electron ionization (EI), chemical ionization (CI), isotope abundance, molecular ion, fragmentation processes of organic molecules, deduction of structure through mass spectral fragmentation, high resolution. Effect of isotopes on the appearance of mass spectrum. EPR spectra of anisotropic systems - anisotropy in g value, causes of anisotropy, anisotropy in hyperfine coupling, hyperfine splitting caused by quadrupole nuclei. Principle of Mossbauer spectroscopy: Doppler shift, Isomer shift, Applications: Mossbauer spectra of high and low-spin Fe and Sn compounds
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recommended Text	1. C. N. Banwell and E. M. McCash, *Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy*, 4th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2000. 2. R. M. Silverstein and F. X. Webster, *Spectroscopic Identification of Organic Compounds*, 6th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2003. 3. W. Kemp, *Applications of Spectroscopy*, English Language Book Society, 1987. 4. D. H. Williams and I. Fleming, *Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry,* 4th Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1988. 5. R. S. Drago, *Physical Methods in Chemistry*; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1992.
Reference Books	1. P.W. Atkins and J. de Paula, *Physical Chemistry*, 7th Ed., Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2002. 2. I. N. Levine, *Molecular Spectroscopy*, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1974. 3. A. Rahman, *Nuclear Magnetic Resonance-Basic Principles*, Springer-Verlag, New York,1986. 4. K. Nakamoto, *Infrared and Raman Spectra of Inorganic and coordination Compounds*, PartB: 5th ed., John Wiley& Sons Inc., New York, 1997. 5. J. A. Weil, J. R. Bolton and J. E. Wertz, *Electron Paramagnetic Resonance*; Wiley Interscience, 1994.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cy08/preview 2. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/104106122/L14.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand the importance of rotational and Raman spectroscopy.

CO2: To apply the vibrational spectroscopic techniques to diatomic and polyatomic molecules.

CO3: To evaluate different electronic spectra of simple molecules using electronic spectroscopy.

CO4: To outline the NMR, ^{13}C NMR, 2D NMR – COSY, NOESY, Introduction to ^{31}P, ^{19}FNMR and ESR spectroscopic techniques.

CO5:To develop the knowledge on principle, instrumentation and structural elucidation ofsimple molecules using Mass Spectrometry, EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopytechniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC REACTION MECHANISM-II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td>Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td>5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the concept of aromaticity in benzenoid, non-benzenoid, heterocyclic and annulene compounds.
To understand the mechanism involved in various types of organic reactions with evidences.
To understand the applications of synthetically important reagents.
To correlate the reactivity between aliphatic and aromatic compounds.
To design synthetic routes for synthetically used organic reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Elimination and Free Radical Reactions: Mechanisms: E2, E1, and E1cB mechanisms. Syn- and anti-eliminations. Orientation of the double bond: Hoffmann and Saytzeff rules. Reactivity: Effect of substrate, attacking bases, leaving group and medium. Stereochemistry of eliminations in acyclic and cyclic systems, pyrolytic elimination. Long lived and short-lived radicals – Production of radicals by thermal and photochemical reactions, Detection and stability of radicals, characteristics of free radical reactions and free radical, reactions of radicals; polymerization, addition, halogenations, aromatic substitutions, rearrangements. Reactivity: Reactivity on aliphatic, aromatic substrates, reactivity in the attacking radical, effect of solvent.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Oxidation and Reduction Reactions: Mechanisms: Direct electron transfer, hydride transfer, hydrogen transfer, displacement, addition-elimination, oxidative and reductive coupling reactions. Mechanism of oxidation reactions: Dehydrogenation by quinones, selenium dioxides, ferricyanide, mercuric acetate lead tetraacetate, permanganate, manganese dioxide, osmium tetroxide, oxidation of saturated hydrocarbons, alkyl groups, alcohols, halides and amines. DMSO-Oxalyl chloride (Swern oxidation) and Corey-Kim oxidation, dimethyl sulphoxide- dicyclohexyl carbodiimide (DMSO-DCCD). Mechanism of reduction reactions: Wolff-Kishner, Clemmenson, Rosenmund, reduction with Trialkyl and triphenyltin hydrides, McFadyen-Steven’s reduction, Homogeneous hydrogenation, MPV and Bouveault-Blanc reduction.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Rearrangements: Rearrangements to electron deficient carbon: Pinacol-pinacolone and semi-pinacolone rearrangements -applications and stereochemistry, Wagner-Meerwein, Demjanov, Dienone-phenol, Baker-Venkataraman, Benzilic acid and Wolff rearrangements.Rearrangements to electron deficient nitrogen: Hofmann, Curtius, Schmidt, Lossen, Beckmann. Rearrangements to electron deficient oxygen: Baeyer-Villiger oxidation &Dakin rearrangements. Rearrangements to electron rich atom: Favorskii, Stevens, [1,2]-Wittig and [2,3]-Wittig rearrangements.Fries and Photo Fries</td></tr>
</table>

	rearrangement.Intramolecular rearrangements – Claisen, Cope, oxy-Cope Benzidine rearrangements.
	UNIT-IV: Addition to Carbon Multiple Bonds: Mechanisms: (a) Addition to carbon-carbon multiple bonds- Addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles, free radicals, carbenes and cyclic mechanisms-Orientation and reactivity, hydrogenation of double and triple bonds, Michael reaction, addition of oxygen and Nitrogen; (b) Addition to carbon-hetero atom multiple bonds: Mannich reaction, acids, esters, nitrites, addition of Grignard reagents, Wittig reaction, Prinsreaction. Stereochemical aspects of addition reactions. Addition to Carbon-Hetero atom Multiplebonds: Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and unsaturated carbonyl compounds. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates –Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis ofesters.
	UNIT-V: Reagents and Modern Synthetic Reactions: Lithium diisopropylamine (LDA), Azobisisobutyronitrile (AIBN), Sodium cyanoborohydride ($NaBH_3CN$), *meta*-Chloroperbenzoic acid (m-CPBA), Dimethyl aminiopyridine (DMAP), n-Bu_3SnD, Triethylamine (TEA), Diazobicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), Diisopropylazodicarboxylate (DIAD), Diethylazodicarboxylate (DEAD), *N*-bromosuccinimide (NBS), Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), Tetramethyl piperiridin-1-oxyl (TEMPO), Phenyltrimethylammonium tribromide (PTAB).Diazomethane and Zn-Cu, Diethyl maleate (DEM)**.**Suzuki coupling, Heck reaction, Negishi reaction, Baylis-Hillman reaction.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.

Recommended Text	1. J. March and M. Smith, *Advanced Organic Chemistry*, 5th ed., John-Wiley and Sons.2001. 2. E. S. Gould, *Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry,* Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc.,1959. 3. P. S. Kalsi, *Stereochemistry of carbon compounds*, 8thedn, New Age International Publishers,2015. 4. P. Y.Bruice, *Organic Chemistry*, 7thedn.,Prentice Hall, 2013. 5. R. T. Morrison, R. N. Boyd, S. K. Bhattacharjee*Organic Chemistry*, 7th edn., Pearson Education,2010.
Reference Books	1. S. H. Pine, *Organic Chemistry*, 5thedn, McGraw Hill International Editionn,1987. 2. L. F. Fieser and M. Fieser, *Organic Chemistry*, Asia Publishing House, Bombay,2000. 3. E.S. Gould, *Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry*, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc.,1959. 4. T. L. Gilchrist, *Heterocyclic Chemistry*, Longman Press, 1989. 5. J. A. Joule and K. Mills, *Heterocyclic Chemistry*, 4thed., John-Wiley,2010.
Website and e-learning source	1.https://sites.google.com/site/chemistryebookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic 2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To recall the basic principles of aromaticity of organic and heterocyclic compounds.
CO2: To understand the mechanism of various types of organic reactions.
CO3: To predict the suitable reagents for the conversion of selective organic compounds.
CO4: To correlate the principles of substitution, elimination, and addition reactions.
CO5:To design new routes to synthesis organic compounds.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-I</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core V</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic concepts of physical chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To recall the fundamentals of thermodynamics and the composition of partial molar quantities.
To understand the classical and statistical approach of the functions
To compare the significance of Maxwell-Boltzman, Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein
To correlate the theories of reaction rates for the evaluation of thermodynamic parameters.
To study the mechanism and kinetics of reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Classical Thermodynamics: Partial molar properties-Chemical potential, Gibb's-Duhem equation-binary and ternary systems. Determination of partial molar quantities. Thermodynamics of real gases - Fugacity- determination of fugacity bygraphical and equation of state methods-dependence of temperature, pressure and composition.Thermodynamics of ideal and non-ideal binary mixtures, Duhem - Margulus equation applications of ideal and non-ideal mixtures. Activity and activity coefficients-standard states - determination-vapour pressure,EMF andfreezing point methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Statistical thermodynamics I: Introduction of statistical thermodynamicsconcepts of thermodynamic and mathematicalprobabilities-distribution of distinguishable and non-distinguishable particles.Assemblies, ensembles, canonical particles. Maxwell - Boltzmann, Fermi Dirac & Bose-Einstein Statistics-comparison and applications.Partition functions-evaluation of translational, vibrational and rotational partition functions for monoatomic, diatomic and polyatomic ideal gases.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III:Statistical thermodynamics II:Thermodynamic functions in terms of partition functions-calculation of equilibrium constants. Statistical approach to Thermodynamic properties: pressure, internal energy, entropy, enthalpy, Gibb's function, Helmholtz function residual entropy, equilibrium constants and equipartition principle.Heat capacity of mono and di atomic gases-ortho and para hydrogen. Heat capacity of solids-Einstein and Debye models.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Irreversible Thermodynamics: Theories of conservation of mass and energyentropy production in open systems by heat, matter and current flow, force and flux concepts.Onsager theory-validity and verification- Onsager reciprocal relationships. Electro kinetic and thermo mechanical effects-Application of irreversible thermodynamics to biological systems.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V:Kinetics of Reactions- Complex and fast reactions: Transition state theory-evaluation of thermodynamicparameters of</td></tr>
</table>

	activation-applications of ARRT to reactions between atoms and molecules, time andtrue order-kinetic parameter evaluation. Factors determine the reaction rates in solution - primary salt effect and secondary salt effect.Chain reactions-chain length, kinetics of H_2 – Cl_2& H_2 – Br_2 reactions (Thermal and Photochemical reactions) - Rice Herzfeldmechanism.Study of fast reactions-relaxation methods-temperature and pressure jump methods electric and magnetic field jump methods -stopped flow flash photolysis methods and pulse radiolysis.Kinetics of polymerization-free radical, cationic,anionic polymerization .
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriacose, Thermodynamics for Students of Chemistry, 2nd edition,S.L.N.Chand and Co., Jalandhar, 1986. 2. I.M. Klotz and R.M. Rosenberg, Chemical thermodynamics, 6th edition, W.A.BenjaminPublishers, California, 1972. 3. M.C. Gupta, Statistical Thermodynamics, New Age International, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi,1995. 4. K.J. Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, 3rd edition, Pearson, Reprint - 2013. 5. J. Rajaram and J.C. Kuriokose, Kinetics and Mechanisms of chemical transformation,Macmillan India Ltd, Reprint - 2011.
Reference Books	1. D.A. Mcqurrie And J.D. Simon, Physical Chemistry - A Molecular Approach, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1999. 2.R.P. Rastogi and R.R. Misra, Classical Thermodynamics, Vikas Publishing, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990. 3. S.H. Maron and J.B. Lando, Fundamentals of Physical Chemistry, Macmillan Publishers, New York, 1974 4. K.B. Ytsiimiriski, "Kinetic Methods of Analysis", Pergamom Press,1996. 5. Gurdeep Raj, Phase rule, Goel Publishing House, 2011.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/103/104103112/ 2. https://bit.ly/3tL3GdN
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: **CO1**: To explain the classical and statistical concepts of thermodynamics. **CO2**: To compare and correlate the thermodynamic concepts to study the kinetics of chemical reactions. **CO3**: To discuss the various thermodynamic and kinetic determination.	

CO4: To evaluate the thermodynamic methods for real gases ad mixtures.
CO5:To compare the theories of reactions rates and fast reactions.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">INORGANIC CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core VI</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category</td><td>Core</td><td>Year
Semester</td><td>I
II</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture
-</td><td>Tutorial
1</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice
4</td><td colspan="2">Total
5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic principles of Qualitative analysis</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand and enhance the visual observation as an analytical tool for the quantitative estimation of ions.
To recall the principle and theory in preparing standard solutions.
To train the students for improving their skill in estimating the amount of ion accurately present in the solution
To estimate metal ions, present in the given solution accurately without using instruments.
To determinethe amount of ions, present in a binary mixture accurately.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline

Unit I
Compulsory

Unit II and III
Choose any three</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Analysis of mixture of cations:Analysis of a mixture of four cations containing two common cations and two rare cations.Cations to be tested.
Group-I : W, Tl and Pb.
Group-II : Se, Te, Mo, Cu, Bi and Cd.
Group-III : Tl, Ce, Zr, V, Cr, Fe & Ti
Group-IV : Zn, Ni, Co and Mn.
Group-V : Ca, Ba and Sr.
Group-VI : Li and Mg.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Preparation of metal complexes: Preparation of inorganic complexes:
a. Preparation of tristhioureacopper(I)sulphate
b. Preparation of potassium trioxalate chromate(III)
c. Preparation of tetramminecopper(II) sulphate
d. Preparation of Reineck’s salt
e. Preparation of hexathioureacopper(I) chloridedihydrate
f. Preparation of cis-Potassium tri oxalate diaquachromate(III)
g. Preparation of sodium trioxalatoferrate(III)
h. Preparation of hexathiourealead(II) nitrate</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Complexometric Titration:
1. Estimation of zinc, nickel, magnesium, and calcium.
2. Estimation of mixture of metal ions-pH control, masking and de-masking agents.
3. Determination of calcium and lead in a mixture (pH control).
4. Determination of manganese in the presence of iron.
5. Determination of nickel in the presence of iron.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. A. JeyaRajendran, Microanalytical Techniques in Chemistry: Inorganic Qualitative Analysis, United global publishers, 2021. 2. V. V. Ramanujam, *Inorganic Semimicro Qualitative Analysis*; 3rded.,The National Publishing Company, Chennai, 1974. 3. *Vogel's Text book of Inorganic Qualitative Analysis,* 4thed., ELBS, London.
Reference Books	1. G. Pass, and H. Sutcliffe, *Practical Inorganic Chemistry*; Chapman Hall, 1965. 2. W. G. Palmer, Experimental *Inorganic Chemistry*; Cambridge University Press, 1954.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To identify the anions and cations present in a mixture of salts.

CO2: To apply the principles of semi micro qualitative analysis to categorize acid radicals and basic radicals.

CO3: To acquire the qualitative analytical skills by selecting suitable confirmatory tests andspot tests.

CO4: To choose the appropriate chemical reagents for the detection of anions and cations.

CO5:To synthesize coordination compounds in good quality.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of medicinal chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To study the chemistry behind the development of pharmaceutical materials.
To gain knowledge on mechanism and action of drugs.
To understand the need of antibiotics and usage of drugs.
To familiarize with the mode of action of diabetic agents and treatment of diabetes.
To identify and apply the action of various antibiotics.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Introduction to receptors: Introduction, targets, Agonist, antagonist, partial agonist.Receptors, Receptor types, Theories of Drug – receptor interaction, Drug synergism, Drug resistance, physicochemical factors influencing drug action.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Antibiotics: Introduction, Targets of antibiotics action, classification of antibiotics, enzyme-based mechanism of action, SAR of penicllins and tetracyclins, clinical application of penicillins, cephalosporin.Current trends in antibiotic therapy.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Antihypertensive agents and diuretics: Classification of cardiovascular agents, introduction to hypertension, etiology, types, classification of antihypertensive agents, classification and mechanism of action of diuretics, Furosemide, Hydrochlorothiazide, Amiloride.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV:Analgesics, Antipyretics and Anti-inflammatory Drugs: Introduction, Mechanism of inflammation, classification and mechanism of action and paracetamol, Ibuprofen, Diclofenac, naproxen, indomethacin, phenylbutazone and meperidine. Medicinal Chemistry of Antidiabetic Agents Introduction, Types of diabetics, Drugs used for the treatment, chemical classification, Mechanism of action, Treatment of diabetic mellitus. Chemistry of insulin, sulfonyl urea.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V:Traditional Indian Medicine system: Introduction to Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani, Homeopathy & Sowa- Rigpa Systems and Traditional Formulations - Important Medicinal Plants mentioned in ancient – Nochi, Adathoda, Tulasi, Vallarai, Sirukurunjan, Amla, Shatavari, Moringa, Punarnava - Agro-techniques of Few Aromatic Plants - AYUSH Products, food, nutraceuticals, cosmetics and agrochemicals, - Case Study :Value added products of Neem, Aloe, Licorice, Ashwagandha.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Wilson and Gisvold's textbook of organic medicinal and pharmaceutical chemistry, 2. Wilson, Charles Owens: Beale, John Marlowe; Block, John H, Lipincott William, 12th edition, 2011. 3. Graham L. Patrick, An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, 5th edition, Oxford University Press, 2013. JayashreeGhosh,AtextbookofPharmaceuticalChemistry,S.ChandandCo.Ltd,1999,1999 edn. 4. O.LeRoy,Natural andsyntheticorganicmedicinal compounds,Ealemi,1976. 5.S.AshutoshKar,MedicinalChemistry, WileyEasternLimited, NewDelhi,1993,New edn. 6. H. Panda.The Complete Technology Book on Herbal Beauty Products with Formulations and Processes. NIIR Project Consultancy Services. 2005 7. Khadabadi SS, Deore SL, Baviskar BA. Experimental Phytopharmacognosy.Nirali Prakashan, Pune. 1st Edition, 2019. 8. Deore SL, Khadabadi SS, BaviskarBA.Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-A Comprehensive Approach. PharmMed Press, Hyderabad. 2nd Edition, 2018
Reference Books	1. Foye's Princles of Medicinal Chemistry, Lipincott Williams, Seventh Edition, 2012 2. Burger's Medicinal Chemistry, Drug Discovery and Development, Donald J. Abraham, David P. Rotella, Alfred Burger, Academic press, 2010. 3. WilsonandGisvold'sTextbookofOrganicMedicinalandPharmaceuticalChemistry,John M.BealeJrandJohnM. Block, Wolters Kluwer, 2011,12th edn. 4. P.Parimoo,ATextbookofMedicalChemistry,NewDelhi:CBSPublishers.1995. 5. S.Ramakrishnan, K.G.PrasannanandR.Rajan,TextbookofMedicalBiochemistry,Hyderabad: OrientLongman.3rd edition,2001.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK482447/ 2. https://training.seer.cancer.gov/treatment/chemotherapy/types.html 3. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-medicinal-chemistry-12908
Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs) Students will be able: **CO1**: Predict a drugs properties based on its structure.	

CO2: Describe the factors that affect its absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion,and hence the considerations to be made in drug design.
CO3: Explain the relationship between drug's chemical structure and its therapeutic properties.
CO4: Designed to give the knowledge of different theories of drug actions at molecularlevel.
CO5:To identify different targets for the development of new drugs for the treatment of infectious and GIT.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M
CO 2	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 3	S	S	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S
CO 4	M	S	S	S	S	M	S	S	S	S
CO 5	M	S	M	S	S	M	S	M	S	S

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">GREEN CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Elective III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="3">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic knowledge of general chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To discuss the principles of green chemistry.
To propose green solutions for chemical energy storage and conversion.
Propose green solutions for industrial production of Petroleum and Petrochemicals.
Propose solutions for pollution prevention in Industrial chemical and fuel
production,Automotive industry and Shipping industries.
Propose green solutions for industrial production of Surfactants, Organic and inorganic chemicals.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I: Introduction- Need for Green Chemistry. Goals of Green Chemistry. Limitations/ of Green Chemistry. Chemical accidents, terminologies, International green chemistry organizations and Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with examples.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-II: Choice of starting materials, reagents, catalysts and solvents in detail, Green chemistry in day today life. Designing green synthesis-green reagents: dimethyl carbonate.Green solvents: Water,Ionic liquids-criteria, general methods of preparation, effect on organic reaction.Supercritical carbon dioxide- properties, advantages, drawbacks and a few examples of organic reactions in Super Critical CO_2. Green synthesis- Adipic acid and catechol.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-III: Environmental pollution, Green Catalysis-Acid catalysts, Oxidation catalysts, Basic catalysts, Polymer supported catalysts-Poly styrene aluminum chloride, polymeric super acid catalysts, Poly supported photosensitizers.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-IV: Phase transfer catalysis in green synthesis-oxidation using hydrogen peroxide, crown ethers-esterification, saponification, anhydride formation, Elimination reaction, Displacement reaction. Applications in organic synthesis.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-V: Micro wave induced green synthesis-Introduction, Instrumentation, Principle and applications. Sonochemistry – Instrumentation, Cavitation theory - Ultra sound assisted green synthesis and Applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external</td><td colspan="8">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Ahluwalia, V.K. and Kidwai, M.R. New Trends in Green Chemistry, Anamalaya Publishers, 2005. 2. W. L. McCabe, J.C. Smith and P. Harriott, Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th edition, McGraw-Hill, NewDelhi,2005. 3. J. M. Swan and D. St. C. Black, Organometallics in Organic Synthesis, Chapman Hall,1974. 4. V. K. Ahluwalia and R. Aggarwal, Organic Synthesis: Special Techniques, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi,2001. 5. A. K. De, Environmental Chemistry, New Age Publications, 2017.
Reference Books	1. Anastas, P.T. and Warner, J.K. Oxford Green Chemistry -Theory and Practical, University Press, 1998 2. Matlack, A.S. Introduction to Green Chemistry, Marcel Dekker, 2001 3. Cann, M.C. and Connely, M.E. Real-World Cases in Green Chemistry, American Chemical Society, Washington, 2000 4. Ryan, M.A. and Tinnesand, M., Introduction to Green Chemistry, American Chemical Society Washington, 2002. 5. Chandrakanta Bandyopadhyay, An Insight into Green Chemistry, Books and Allied (P) Ltd, 2019.
Website and e-learning source	2. https://www.organic-chemistry.org/ 3. https://www.studyorgo.com/summary.php

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the basic chemical techniques used in conventional industrial preparations and in green innovations.

CO2: To understand the various techniques used in chemical industries and in laboratory.

CO3: To compare the advantages of organic reactions assisted by renewable energy sources and non-renewable energy sources.

CO4: To apply the principles of PTC, ionic liquid, microwave and ultrasonic assisted organicsynthesis.

CO5: To design and synthesize new organic compounds by green methods.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">BIO-INORGANIC CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective IV</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category</td><td>Elective</td><td>Year
Semester</td><td>I
II</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture
4</td><td>Tutorial
1</td><td colspan="2">Lab Practice
-</td><td colspan="3">Total
5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the role of trace elements.
To understand the biological significance of iron, sulpur.
To study the toxicity of metals in medicines.
To have knowledge on diagnostic agents.
To discuss on various metalloenzymes properties.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Essential trace elements: Selective transport and storage of metal ions: Ferritin, Transferrin and sidorphores; Sodium and potassium transport, Calcium signalling proteins.Metalloenzymes: Zinc enzymes–carboxypeptidase and carbonic anhydrase. Ironenzymes–catalase, peroxidase. Copperenzymes – superoxide dismutase, Plastocyanin, Ceruloplasmin, Tyrosinase. Coenzymes - Vitamin-B12 coenzymes.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Transport Proteins: Oxygen carriers-Hemoglobin and myoglobin - Structure and oxygenationBohr Effect. Binding of CO, NO, CN– to Myoglobin and Hemoglobin.Biological redox system: Cytochromes-Classification, cytochrome a, b and c. Cytochrome P-450. Non-heme oxygen carriers-Hemerythrin and hemocyanin. Iron-sulphur proteins- Rubredoxin and Ferredoxin- Structure and classification.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Nitrogen fixation-Introduction, types of nitrogen fixing microorganisms. Nitrogenase enzyme - Metal clusters in nitrogenase-redox property - Dinitrogen complexestransition metal complexes of dinitrogen - nitrogen fixation via nitride formation and reduction of dinitrogen to ammonia. Photosynthesis:photosystem-I and photosystem-II-chlorophylls structure and function.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Metals in medicine: Metal Toxicity of Hg, Cd, Zn, Pb, As, Sb.Therapeutic Compounds:Vanadium-Based Diabetes Drugs; Platinum-Containing Anticancer Agents.Chelation therapy; Cancer treatment. Diagnostic Agents: Technetium Imaging Agents; Gadolinium MRI Imaging Agents. temperature and critical magnetic Field.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V:Enzymes -Introduction and properties -nomenclature and classification. Enzyme kinetics, free energy of activation and the effects of catalysis. Michelis - Menton equation - Effect of pH, temperature on enzyme reactions. Factors contributing to the efficiency of enzyme.</td></tr>
</table>

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Williams,D.R. –Introdution to Bioinorganic chemistry. 2. F.M. Fiabre and D.R. Williams– The Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry,RoyolSoceity of Chemistry, Monograph for Teachers-31 3. K.F. Purcell and Kotz., Inorganic chemistry, WB Saunders Co., USA. 4. G.N. Mugherjea and Arabinda Das, Elements of Bioinorganic Chemistry - 1993. 5. R. Gopalan, V. Ramalingam, *Concise Coordination Chemistry*, S. Chand, **2001**.
Reference Books	1. M.Satake and Y.Mido, Bioinorganic Chemistry- Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi (1996) 2. M.N. Hughes, 1982, The Inorganic Chemistry of Biological processes, II Edition, Wiley London. 3. R. W. Hay, Bio Inorganic Chemistry, Ellis Horwood, 1987. 4. R. M. Roat-Malone, Bio Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley, 2002. 5. T. M. Loehr, Iron carriers and Iron proteins, VCH, 1989.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://www.pdfdrive.com/instant-notes-in-inorganic-chemistry-the-instant-notes-chemistry-series-d162097454.html 2. https://www.pdfdrive.com/shriver-and-atkins-inorganic-chemistry-5th-edition-d161563417.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: The students will be able to analyses trace elements.
CO2: Students will be able to explain the biological redox systems.
CO3: Students will gain skill in analyzing the toxicity in metals.
CO4: Students will have experience in diagnosis.
CO5:Learn about the nitrogen fixation and photosynthetic mechanism.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">MATERIAL SCIENCEand Nuclear Chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Elective IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2" colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="3">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic knowledge of solid-state chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To understand the crystal structure, growth methods and X-ray scattering.
To explain the optical, dielectric and diffusion properties of crystals.
To recognize the basis of semiconductors, superconductivity materials and magnets.
To study the synthesis, classification and applications of nanomaterials.
To learn about the importance of materials used for renewable energy conversion.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I: Crystallography: symmetry - unit cell and Miller indices - crystal systems - Bravais lattices - point groups and space groups - X-ray diffraction-Laue equations-Bragg's law-reciprocal lattice and its application to geometrical crystallography. Crystal structure–powder and single crystal applications. Electron charge density maps, neutron diffraction-method and applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-II: Crystal growth methods: Nucleation–equilibrium stability and metastable state. Single crystal –Low and high temperature, solution growth– Gel and sol-gel. Crystal growthmethods-nucleation–equilibrium stabilityandmetastablestate.Singlecrystal–Lowandhightemperature, solution growth– Gel and sol-gel. Melt growth - Bridgeman-Stockbarger,Czochralskimethods.Fluxtechnique,physicalandchemical vapourtransport. Lorentz and polarization factor - primary and secondary extinctions.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-III: Materials for Renewable Energy Conversion: Solar Cells: Organic, bilayer, bulk heterojunction, polymer, perovskite based. Solar energy conversion: lamellar solids and thin films, dye-sensitized photo voltaic cells, coordination compounds anchored onto semiconductor surfaces - Ru(II) and Os(II) polypyridyl complexes. Photochemical activation and splitting of water, CO2 and N2. Manganese based photo systems for water-splitting. Complexes of Rh, Ru, Pd and Pt - photochemical generation of hydrogen from alcohol.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-IV: Nuclear Chemistry I: Nuclear properties – Nuclear spin and Moments, origin of nuclear forces, Quark Theory for sub-atomic particles (basic). Salient features of the Shell and Liquid Drop Model of the nucleus. Modes of radioactive decay: Orbital electron capture; nuclear isomerism, internal conversion Isomeric Transition, detection and determination of activity by cloud chamber, Nuclear emulsion, Bubble chamber, Geiger Muller, Scintillation and Cherenkov counters. Compound Nucleus theory, high energy nuclear reactions, nuclear fission and fusion reactions as energy sources: direct reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-V: Nuclear Chemistry II: Nuclear Reaction types, reaction,</td></tr>
</table>

	cross section, Q-value, threshold energy,Stellar energy: synthesis of elements, Hydrogen burning, Carbon burning. Photonuclear and Thermo nuclear reactions. Szilard Chalmers reaction. The e, s, r, p and x processes.Nuclear reactors- fast breeder reactors, particle accelerators, cyclotron and synchrotron. Radio analytical methods: Isotope dilution analysis, Radiometric titrations, Radio immuno assay, Neutron activation analysis.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. S. Mohan and V. Arjunan, Principles of Materials Science, MJP Publishers, 2016. 2. Arumugam, Materials Science, Anuradha Publications, 2007. 3. Giacavazzo et. al., Fundamentals of Crystallography, International Union of Crystallography. Oxford Science Publications, 2010 4. James F. Shackelford and Madanapalli K. Muralidhara, Introduction to Materials Science for Engineers. 6th ed., PEARSON Press, 2007. 5. Essentials of nuclear chemistry by H.J. Arnikar, Eastern Wiley(1990) 6. Nuclear chemistry by Friedlander and Kennedy, John Wiley and Sons (1987)
Reference Books	1.Suggested Readings 1. M.G. Arora, Solid State Chemistry, Anmol Publications, New Delhi, 2001. 2. R.K. Puri and V.K. Babbar, Solid State Physics, S Chand and Company Ltd, 2001. 3.. C. Kittel, Solid State Physics, John-Wiley and sons, NY, 1966. 4. H.P. Meyers, Introductory Solid State Physics, Viva Books Private Limited, 1998. 5. A.R. West, Solid State Chemistry and Applications, John-Wiley and sons, 1987. 6. Nuclear radiation detection by Price. Nuclear radiation detectors by S.S. Kapoor and Ramamoorthy, Wiley Eastern (1986).
Website and e-learning source	1. http://xrayweb.chem.ou.edu/notes/symmetry.html. 2. http://www.uptti.ac.in/classroom-content/data/unit%20cell.pdf. 3. https://bit.ly/3QyVg2R

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand and recall the synthesis and characteristics of crystal structures,semiconductors, magnets, nanomaterials and renewable energy materials.

CO2: To integrate and assess the structure of different materials and their properties.

CO3: To analyse and identify new materials for energy applications.

CO4: To explain the importance of crystal structures, piezoelectric and

pyroelectricmaterials, nanomaterials, hard and soft magnets, superconductors, solar cells, electrodes, LEDuses, structures and synthesis.
CO5:To design and develop new materials with improved property for energy applications.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ORGANIC SYNTHESIS AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core VII</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of organic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the molecular complexity of carbon skeletons and the presence offunctional groups and their relative positions.
To study various synthetically important reagents for any successful organic synthesis.
To apply disconnection approach and identifying suitable synthons to effect successful organic synthesis.
To learn the concepts of pericyclic reaction mechanisms.
To gain the knowledge of photochemical organic reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Planning an Organic Synthesis andControl elements: Linear Vs convergent synthesis. synthesis based on umpolung concepts ofSeeback, regiospecific control elements. Use of protective groups, activating groups and bridgingelements. Examples on retrosynthetic approach, calculation of yield, advantages of convergent synthesis, synthesis of stereochemistry-controlled products.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Organic Synthetic Methodology: Retrosynthetic analysis; Alternate synthetic routes. Synthesis of organic mono and bifunctional compounds via disconnection approach. Protection of hydroxyl, carboxyl, carbonyl, thiol and amino groups. Illustration of protection and deprotection in synthesis. Stereospecific control elements. Functional group alterations and transposition.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Pericyclic Reactions: Woodward Hoffmann rules; The FMO, PMO method and correlation diagrams. Cycloaddition and retrocycloaddition reactions; [2+2], [2+4], [4+4, Cationic, anionic, and 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions. Cheletropic reactions. ; Electrocyclization and ring opening reactions of conjugated dienes and trienes. Sigmatropic rearrangements: (1,3), (1,5), (3,3) and (5,5)-carbon migrations, degenerate rearrangements. Ionic sigmatropic rearrangements. Group transfer reactions. Regioselectivity, stereoselectivity in pericyclic reactions.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Organic Photochemistry-I: Photochemical excitation: Experimental techniques; electronic transitions; Jablonskii diagrams; intersystem crossings; energy transfer processes; Stern Volmer equation.
Reactions of electronically excited ketones; $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ triplets; Norrish type-I and type-II cleavage reactions; photo reductions; Paterno-Buchi reactions;</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-V: Organic Photochemistry-I: Photochemistry of α,β-unsaturated ketones; cis-trans isomerisation. Photon energy transfer</td></tr>
</table>

	reactions, Photo cycloadditions, Photochemistry of aromatic compounds; photochemical rearrangements; photo-stationery state; di-π-methane rearrangement; Reaction of conjugated cyclohexadienone to 3,4-diphenyl phenols; Barton's reactions.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. F. A. Carey and Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5thed, Tata McGraw-Hill, New York, 2003. 2. J. March and M. Smith, Advanced Organic Chemistry, 5th ed., John-Wiley and sons, 2007. 3. R. E. Ireland, Organic synthesis, Prentice Hall India, Goel publishing house, 1990. 4. Clayden, Greeves, Warren, Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press, Second Edition, 2016. 5. M. B. Smith, Organic Synthesis 3rd edn, McGraw Hill International Edition, 2011.
Reference Books	1. Gill and Wills, Pericyclic Reactions, Chapman Hall, London, 1974. 2. J.A. Joule, G.F. Smith, Heterocyclic Chemistry, Garden City Press, Great Britain, 2004. 3. W. Caruthers, Some Modern Methods of Organic Synthesis 4thedn, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2007. 4. H. O. House. Modern Synthetic reactions, W.A. Benjamin Inc, 1972. 5. Jagdamba Singh and Jaya Singh, Photochemistry and Pericyclic Reactions, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
Website and e-learning source	**1. https://rushim.ru/books/praktikum/Monson.pdf**

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the basic principles of organic chemistry and to understand the various reactions of organic compounds with reaction mechanisms.

CO2: To understand the versatility of various special reagents and to correlate their reactivity with various reaction conditions.

CO3: To implement the synthetic strategies in the preparation of various organic compounds.

CO4: To predict the suitability of reaction conditions in the preparation of tailor-made organic compounds.

CO5: To design and synthesize novel organic compounds with the methodologies learnt during the course.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">COORDINATION CHEMISTRY – I</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Core VIII</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="3">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic knowledge of inorganic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To gain insights into the modern theories of bonding in coordination compounds.
To learn various methods to determine the stability constants of complexes.
To understand and construct correlation diagrams and predict the electronic transitions that are taking place in the complexes.
To describe various substitution and electron transfer mechanistic pathways ofreactions in complexes.
To evaluate the reactions of octahedral and square planar complexes.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I: Modern theories of coordination compounds: Crystal field theory - splitting of d orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar symmetries - measurement of 10Dq - factors affecting 10Dq - spectrochemical series - crystal field stabilisation energy for high spin and low spin complexes- evidences for crystal field splitting - site selections in spinels and antispinels - Jahn Teller distortions and its consequences.Molecular Orbital Theory and energy level diagrams concept of Weak and strong fields, Sigma and pi bonding in octahedral, square planar and tetrahedral complexes.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-II: Spectral characteristics of complexes: Term states for d ions - characteristics of d-d transitions - charge transfer spectra - selection rules for electronic spectra - Orgel correlation diagrams - Sugano-Tanabe energy level diagrams - nephelauxetic series - Racha parameter and calculation of inter-electronic repulsion parameter.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-III: Stability and Magnetic property of the complexes: Stability of complexes: Factors affecting stability of complexes, Thermodynamic aspects of complex formation, Stepwise and overall formation constants, Stability correlations, statistical factors and chelate effect, Determination of stability constant and composition of the complexes: Formation curves and Bjerrum’s half method, Potentiometric method, Spectrophotometric method, Ion exchange method, Polorographic method and Continuous variation method (Job’s method)Magnetic property of complexes: Spin-orbit coupling, effect of spin-orbit coupling on magnetic moments, quenching of orbital magnetic moments.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-IV: Kinetics and mechanisms of substitution reactions of octahedral and square planar complexes: Inert and Labile complexes; Associative, Dissociative and SNCB mechanistic pathways for substitution reactions; acid and base hydrolysis of octahedral complexes; Classification of metal ions based on the rate of water</td></tr>
</table>

	replacement reaction and their correlation to Crystal Field Activation Energy; Substitution reactions in square planar complexes: Trans effect, theories of trans effect and applications of trans effect in synthesis of square planar compounds; Kurnakov test.
	UNIT-V: Electron Transfer reactions in octahedral complexes: Outer sphere electron transfer reactions and Marcus-Hush theory; inner sphere electron transfer reactions; nature of the bridging ligand in inner sphere electron transfer reactions.Photo-redox, photo-substitution and photo-isomerisation reactions in complexes and their applications.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J E Huheey, EA Keiter, RL Keiter and OK Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of structure and reactivity, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2006 2. G L Meissler and D ATarr, Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2008 3. D. Bannerjea, Co-ordination Chemistry, TATA Mcgraw Hill, 1993. 4. B. N. Figgis, Introduction to Ligand Fields, Wiley Eastern Ltd, 1976. 5. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson.; C. A. Murillo; M. Bochmann, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6thed.; Wiley Inter-science: New York, 1988.
Reference Books	1. Keith F. Purcell and John C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry, Saunders Publications, USA, 1977. 2. Peter Atkins and Tina Overton, Shriver and Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2010. 3. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, P. L. Guas, John Wiley, 2002, 3rd edn. 4. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, J. Alexander, John Wiley, 1994, 3rd edn. 5. Inorganic Chemistry, D. F. Shriver, P. W. Atkins, W. H. Freeman and Co, London, 2010.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/5-04-principles-of-inorganic-chemistry-ii-fall-2008/pages/syllabus/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)
Students will be able:
CO1: Understand and comprehend various theories of coordination compounds.
CO2: Understand the spectroscopic and magnetic properties of coordination complexes.
CO3: Explain the stability of complexes and various experimental methods to determine the stability of complexes.
CO4: Predict the electronic transitions in a complex based on correlation diagrams and UV-visible spectral details.
CO5: Comprehend the kinetics and mechanism of substitution reactions in octahedral and square planar complexes.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY PRACTICAL</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core IX</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">5</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of physical chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the principle of conductivity experiments through conductometric titrations.
To evaluate the order of the reaction, temperature coefficient, and activation energy of the reaction by following pseudo first order kinetics.

To construct the phase diagram of two component system forming congruent melting solid and find its eutectic temperatures and compositions.
To determine the kinetics of adsorption of oxalic acid on charcoal.
To develop the potential energy diagram of hydrogen ion, charge density distribution and Maxwell’s speed distribution by computational calculation.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:Conductivity Experiments
1.Determination of equivalent conductance of a strong electrolyte & the verification of DHO equation.
2. Verification of Ostwald’s Dilution Law & Determination of pKa of a weak acid.
3. Determination of solubility of a sparingly soluble salt.
4. Acid-base titration (strong acid and weak acid vs NaOH).
5. Precipitation titrations (mixture of halides only).</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Kinetics
1. Study the kinetics of acid hydrolysis of an ester, determine the temperature coefficient and also the activation energy of the reaction.
2. Study the kinetics of the reaction between acetone and iodine in acidic medium by half-life method and determine the order with respect to iodine and acetone.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Phase diagram
Construction of phase diagram for a simple binary system
1. Naphthalene-biphenyl
2. Benzophenone- diphenyl amine
Adsorption
Adsorption of oxalic acid on charcoal & determination of surface area (Freundlich isotherm only).</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component (is a</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved</td></tr>
</table>

part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. B. Viswanathan and P.S.Raghavan, Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, New Delhi, 2009. 2. Sundaram, Krishnan, Raghavan, Practical Chemistry (Part II), S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt., 1996. 3. V.D. Athawale and Parul Mathur, Experimental Physical Chemistry, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2008. 4. E.G. Lewers, Computational Chemistry: Introduction to the Theory and Applications of Molecular and Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Ed., Springer, New York, 2011.
Reference Books	1. J. B. Yadav, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, 2001. 2. G.W. Garland, J.W. Nibler, D.P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, 8th edition, McGraw Hill, 2009. 3. J. N. Gurthu and R. Kapoor, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 1987. 4. Shailendra K Sinha, Physical Chemistry: A laboratory Manual, Narosa Publishing House Pvt, Ltd., New Delhi, 2014. 5. F. Jensen, Introduction to Computational Chemistry, 3rd Ed., Wiley-Blackwell.
Website and e-learning source	https://web.iitd.ac.in/~nkurur/2015-16/Isem/cmp511/lab_handout_new.pdf

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the principles associated with various physical chemistry experiments.

CO2: To scientifically plan and perform all the experiments.

CO3: To observe and record systematically the readings in all the experiments.

CO4: To calculate and process the experimentally measured values and compare with graphical data.

CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve students' efficiency for societal developments.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION TECHNIQUES Practical</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core X</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>-</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">5</td><td colspan="2">6</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To design chromatographic methods for identification of species.
To analyze different constituents through instrumental methods of analysis.
To evaluate different contaminants in materials using turbidimetry and conductivity measurements.
To design experiments for analysis of inorganic and organic materials.
To analyze constituents in materials using emission and absorption techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Course Outline

Any 10 Experiments to be chosen from both Unit I & II</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I:
1. Potentiometric titration of a mixture of HCl and CH_3COOH Vs NaOH
2. Determination of pK_a of weak acid by EMF method.
3. Potentiometric titration of FAS Vs $K_2Cr_2O_7$
4. Potentiometric titration of KI Vs $KMnO_4$.
5. Potentiometric titration of a mixture of Chloride and Iodide Vs $AgNO_3$.
6. Determination of the pH of buffer solution by EMF method using Quinhydrone and Calomel electrode.
7. Study of the inversion of cane sugar in the presence of acid by Polarimetric method.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:
1. Estimation of Fe, Cu and Ni by colorimetric method.
2. Estimation of Na and K by flame photometric method.
3. Determination of the amount (mol/L) of ferricyanide present in the given solution using cyclic voltammetry.
4. Determination of the diffusion coefficient of ferricyanide using cyclic voltammetry.
5. Estimation of the amount of nitrate present in the given solution using spectrophotometric method.
6. Analysis of water quality through COD, DO, BOD measurements.
7. Assay of Riboflavin and Iron in tablet formulations by spectrophotometry
8. Separation of (a) mixture of Azo dyes by TLC (b) mixture of metal ions by Paper chromatography</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Interpretation and identification of the given spectra of various organic compounds arrived at from the following instruments
1.UV-Visible
2.IR
3.Raman
4.NMR
5.ESR
6.Mass etc.,</td></tr>
</table>

Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	*1.* Vogel's Text book of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed, ELBS/Longman, England, 2003. 2. G. H. Jeffery, J. Bassett, J. Mendham and R. C. Denney, *Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis*; 6th ed., ELBS, 1989. 3. J. D. Woollins, *Inorganic Experiments*; VCH: Weinheim, 1995. 4. B. Viswanathan and P.S.Raghavan, Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, New Delhi,2009. 5.Sundaram, Krishnan, Raghavan, Practical Chemistry (Part II), S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt., 1996.
Reference Books	1. N. S. Gnanapragasam and G. Ramamurthy, Organic Chemistry – Labmanual, S. Viswanathan Co. Pvt. Ltd, 2009. 2. J. N. Gurtu and R. Kapoor, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 2011. 3. J. B. Yadav, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, 2001. 4. G.W. Garland, J.W. Nibler, D.P. Shoemaker, Experiments in Physical Chemistry, 8th edition, McGraw Hill, 2009. 5. J. N. Gurthu and R. Kapoor, Advanced Experimental Chemistry, S. Chand and Co., 1987.
Website and e-learning source	1. https://bit.ly/3QESF7t 2. https://bit.ly/3QANOnX

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To recall the principles associated with various inorganic organic and physical chemistry experiments

CO2: To scientifically plan and perform all the experiments

CO3: To observe and record systematically the readings in all the experiments

CO4: To calculate and process the experimentally measured values and compare with graphical data.

CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve students efficiency for societal developments.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">PHARMOCOGNOSY AND PHYTOCHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Elective V</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2" colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="3">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic knowledge of chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To develop the knowledge of natural products, biological functions and pharmacological uses.
To develop knowledge on primary and secondary metabolites and their sources.
To understand the concepts of isolation methods and separation of bioactive compounds.
To provide the knowledge on selected glycosides and marine drugs.
To familiarize the guidelines of WHO and different sampling techniques.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I:Pharmacognosy and Standardization of Herbal drugs: Introduction, definition, development classification and Source of Drugs: Biological, mineral, marine,and plant tissue cultures. Study of pharmacognosticof a crude drug. Biosynthesis: Shikimic acid pathway and acetate pathway. Systematic analysis of Crude drugs. Standardization of Herbal drugs. WHO guidelines, Sampling of crude drug, Methods of drug evaluation. Determination of foreign matter, moisture Ash value. Phytochemical investigations-General chemical tests.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-II:Extraction Techniques: General methods of extraction, types – maceration, Decoction, percolation, Immersion and soxhlet extraction.
Advanced techniques- counter current, steam distillation, supercritical gases, sonication, Micro waves assisted extraction. Factors affecting the choice of extraction process.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-III:Drugs containing Terpenoids and volatile oils: Terpenoids: Classification, Isoprene rule, Isolation and separation techniques, General properties Camphor, Menthol, Eucalyptol. Volatile Oils or Essential Oils: Method of Preparations, Classifications of Volatile oils, Camphor oil, Geranium oil, Citral- Structure uses. Pentacyclic triterpenoids: amyrines; taraxasterol: Structure and pharmacological applications.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-IV:Drugs containing alkaloids: Occurrence,function of alkaloids in plants, pharmaceutical applications. Isolation, Preliminary Qualitative tests and general properties. General methods of structural elucidation. Morphine, Reserpine, papaverine - chemical properties,structure and uses. papaverine-structure, chemical properties and uses.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="8">UNIT-V:Plant Glycosides and Marine drugs: Glycosides: Basic ring system, classification, isolation, properties, qualitative analysis. Pharmacological activity of Senna glycosides, Cardiacglycosides-Digoxin, digitoxin, Steroidal saponins glycosides- Diosgenin,</td></tr>
</table>

	hecogenin. Plant pigments: Occurrence and general methods of structure determination, isolation and synthesis of quercetin and cyanidin chloride.Marine drugs -Selected Drug Molecules: Cardiovascular active substances, Cytotoxic compounds, antimicrobial compounds, antibiotic compounds, Anti-inflammatory agents. Marine toxins.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Gurdeep R Chatwal (2016), Organic chemistry of Natural products, Volume I&II, 5th edition, Himalaya publishing House. 2. S.V.Bhat, B.A. Nagasampagi, M.Sivakumar (2014), Chemistry of Natural Products, Revised edition, Narosa Publishers.
Reference Books	1. Jeffrey B. Harborne (2012), Phytochemical methods: A Guide to Modern Techniques of Plant Analysis, 4th edition, Indian reprint, Springer. 2. Ashutoshkar (2007), Pharmacognosy and Pharmacobiotechnology, 2 nd edition, New age international (P) limited, New Delhi.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To recall the sources of natural medicines and analysis of crude drugs.
CO2: To understand the methods of evaluation based on various parameters.
CO3: To analyze the isolated drugs
CO4: To apply various techniques to discover new alternative medicines.
CO5: To evaluate the isolated drugs for various pharmacological activities

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="8">BIOMOLECULES AND HETEROCYCLIC COMPOUNDS</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="8">Elective VI</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Elective</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td rowspan="2">Course Code</td><td rowspan="2" colspan="2"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>III</td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="3">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="3">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="8">Basic knowledge of chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="8">To learn the basic concepts and biological importance of biomolecules and natural products.
To explain various of functions of carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids, steroids and hormones.
To understand the functions of alkaloids and terpenoids.
To elucidate the structure determination of biomolecules and natural products.
To extract and construct the structure of new alkaloids and terpenoids from different methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="8">UNIT-I:Chemistry and metabolism of carbohydrates: Definition, classification and biological role of carbohydrates. onosaccharides: Linear and ring structures (Haworth formula) of ribose, glucose, fructose and mannose (structure determination not required), physical and chemical properties of glucose and fructose.Disaccharides: Ring structures (Haworth formula) –occurrence, physical and chemical properties of maltose, lactose and sucrose. Polysaccharides: Starch, glycogen and cellulose – structure and properties, glycolysis of carbohydrates.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="8">UNIT-II: Steroids and Hormones:Steroids-Introduction, occurrence, nomenclature, configuration of substituents. Diels' hydrocarbon, stereochemistry, classification, Diels' hydrocarbon, biological importance, colour reactions of sterols, cholesterol-occurrence, tests, physiological activity, biosynthesis of cholesterol from squalene. Hormones-Introduction, classification, functions of sex hormones- androgens and estrogens, adrenocortical hormones-cortisone and cortisol structure and functions of non-steroidal hormones-adrenaline and thyroxin.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="8">UNIT-III:Proteins andnucleicacids: Separation and purification of proteins – dialysis, gel filtration and electrophoresis. Catabolism of amino acids - transamination, oxidative deamination and decarboxylation. Biosynthesis of proteins: Role of nucleic acids. Amino acid metabolism and ureacycle.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="8">UNIT-IV:Proteins andnucleicacids: Structure, methods for the synthesis of nucleosides - direct combination, formation of heterocyclic base and nucleoside modification, conversion of nucleoside to nucleotides. Primary and secondary structure of RNA and DNA, Watson-Crick model, solid phase synthesis ofoligonucleotides.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="8">UNIT-V:Fused Ring Heterocyclic Compounds: Benzofused five membered rings: Indole, isoindole, benzofuran and benzothiophene, Preparation and properties. Benzofused six membered rings: Quinoline and isoquinoline: Preparation by ring closure reactions, Reactions:</td></tr>
</table>

	Mechanism of electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, oxidation and reduction reactions.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	T. K Lindhorst, Essentials of Carbohydrate Chemistry and Biochemistry, Wiley VCH,North America,2007. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry Vol-2, 5th edition,PearsonEducation Asia, 1975. V. K. Ahluwalia and M. Goyal, Textbook of Heterocyclic compounds,Narosa Publishing, New Delhi,2000. M. K. Jain and S. C. Sharma, Modern Organic Chemistry, Vishal Publishing Co., Jalandhar, Delhi, 2014. V. K. Ahluwalia, Steroids and Hormones, Ane books pub., New Delhi,2009.
Reference Books	I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry Vol-1, 6thedition, Pearson Education Asia,2004. Pelletier,Chemistry of Alkaloids, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co,2000. Shoppe, Chemistry of the steroids, Butterworthes,1994. I. A. Khan, and A. Khanum. Role of Biotechnology in medicinal & aromatic plants, Vol 1 and Vol 10, Ukkaz Publications, Hyderabad,2004. M. P. Singh. and H. Panda, Medicinal Herbs with their formulations, Daya Publishing House, Delhi,2005.
Website and e-learning source	ps://www.organic-chemistry.org/ ps://www.studyorgo.com/summary.php ps://www.clutchprep.com/organic-chemistry

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand the basic concepts of biomoleculesand natural products.

CO2: To integrate and assess the different methods of preparation of structurally different biomolecules and natural products.

CO3: To illustrate the applications of biomolecules and their functions in the metabolism of living organisms.

CO4: To analyse and rationalise the structure and synthesis of heterocyclic compounds.

CO5: To develop the structure of biologically important heterocyclic compounds by different methods.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">COORDINATION CHEMISTRY – II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core X</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of inorganic chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To recognize the fundamental concepts and structural aspects of organometallic compounds.
To learn reactions of organometallic compounds and their catalytic behaviour.
To identify or predict the structure of coordination compounds using spectroscopic tools.
To understand the structure and bonding in coordination complexes.
To evaluate the spectral characteristics of selected complexes.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Chemistry of organometallic compounds: Bonding in metal – olefin complexes (example: Ziese’s salt), metal-acetylene and metal-allyl complexes; Metal-cyclopentadienyl complexes – Examples and MO approach to bonding in metallocenes; fluxional isomerism. Metal – carbonyl complexes: MO diagram of CO; Structure and bonding − bonding modes, MO approach of M-CO bonding, π-acceptor nature of carbonyl group, synergistic effect (stabilization of lower oxidation states of metals); Carbonyl clusters: Low nuclearity and high nuclearity carbonyl clusters – Structures based on polyhedral skeleton electron pair theory or Wade’s rule.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Reactions and catalysis of organometallic compounds: Reactions of organometallic compounds: Oxidative addition, reductive elimination (α and β eliminations), migratory insertion reaction and metathesis reaction.Organo-metallic catalysis: Hydrogenation of olefins (Wilkinson's catalyst), hydroformylation of olefins using cobalt or rhodium catalysts (oxo process), oxidation of olefin (Wacker process), olefin isomerisation, water gas shift reaction, cyclo-oligomerisation of acetylenes using Reppe's catalysts, Monsonto process.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Inorganic spectroscopy -I: Applications of UV-Visible andIR spectroscopy: Selection rules, isosbestic points, Geometrical isomerism using UV-Visible Spectroscopy. Effect of coordination on the stretching frequency-sulphato, carbonato, sulphito, aqua, nitro, thiocyanato, cyano, thiourea, DMSO complexes; IR spectroscopy of carbonyl compounds. NMR spectroscopy- Applications of 1H, 15N, 19F, 31P-NMR spectroscopy in structural identification of inorganic complexes, fluxional molecules.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Inorganic spectroscopy-II: Introductory terminologies: g and A parameters-definition, explanation and factors affecting g and A; Applications of ESR to coordination compounds with one and more than one unpaired electrons – hyperfine and secondary hyperfine splitting and Kramer’s doublets; ESR spectra of V(II), Mn(II), Fe(II), Co(II), Ni(II), Cu(II) complexes, bis(salicylaldimine)copper(II) and $[(NH_3)_5Co\text{-}O_2\text{-}Co(NH_3)_5]^{5+}$. Mossbauer spectroscopy – Mossbauer</td></tr>
</table>

	effect, Recoil energy, Mossbauer active nuclei, Doppler shift, Isomer shift, quadrupole splitting and magnetic interactions. Applications of Mössbauer spectra to Fe and Sn compounds.
	UNIT-V: Photo Electron Spectroscopy: Theory, Types, origin of fine structures - shapes of vibrational fine structures – adiabatic and vertical transitions, PES of homonuclear diatomic molecules (N_2, O_2) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules (CO, HCl) and polyatomic molecules (H_2O, CO_2, CH_4, NH_3) – evaluation of vibrational constants of the above molecules. Koopman's theorem- applications and limitations.Optical Rotatory Dispersion – Principle of CD and ORD; Δ and λ isomers in complexes, Assignment of absolute configuration using CD and ORD techniques.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. J E Huheey, EA Keiter, RL Keiter and OK Medhi, Inorganic Chemistry – Principles of structure and reactivity, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2006 2. G L Meissler and D ATarr, Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Inc., 2008 3. D. Bannerjea, Co-ordination Chemistry, TATA Mcgraw Hill, 1993. 4. B D Gupta and A K Elias, Basic Organometallic Chemistry: Concepts, Syntheses and Applications, University Press, 2013. 5. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson.; C. A. Murillo; M. Bochmann, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, 6thed.; Wiley Inter-science: New York, 1988.
Reference Books	1. Crabtree, Robert H. The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals. 3rd ed. New York, NY: John Wiley, 2000. 2. P Gütlich, E Bill, A X Trautwein, Mossbauer Spectroscopy and Transition Metal Chemistry: Fundamentals and Applications, 1st edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2011. 3. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry, B. Douglas, D. McDaniel, J. Alexander, John Wiley, 1994, 3rd edn. 4. K. F. Purcell, J. C. Kotz, Inorganic Chemistry; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1976. 5. R. S. Drago, PhysicaI Methods in Chemistry; Saunders: Philadelphia, 1977.

Website and e-learning source	https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101100/

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: Understand and apply 18 and 16 electron rule for organometallic compounds
CO2: Understand the structure and bonding in olefin, allyl, cyclopentadienyl and carbonyl containing organometallic compounds
CO3: Understand the reactions of organometallic compounds and apply them in CO4: understanding the catalytic cycles
CO5: Identify / predict the structure of coordination complexes using spectroscopic tools such as IR, NMR, ESR, Mossbauer and optical rotatory dispersion studies to interpret the structure of molecules by various spectral techniques.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY-II</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Core XI</td></tr>
<tr><td>Category</td><td>Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td>Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td>5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of physical chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To understand the essential characteristics of wave functions and need for the quantum mechanics.
To know the importance of quantum mechanical models of particle in a box, rigid rotor and harmonic oscillator.
To apply the quantum mechanics to hydrogen and polyelectronic systems.
To familiarize the symmetry in molecules and predict the point groups.
To predict the vibrational modes, hybridization using he concepts of group theory.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Wave particle duality, Uncertainty principle, Particle wave and Schrodinger wave equation, wave function, properties of wave function. Properties of wave function, Normalized, Orthogonal, orthonormal, Eigen values, Eigen functions, Hermitian properties of operators.Introduction to quantum mechanics-black body radiation, photoelectric effect, hydrogen spectrum.Need for quantum mechanics, Postulates of Quantum Mechanics, Schrodinger wave equation, Time independent and time dependent</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Quantum models: Particle in a box-1D, two dimensional and three-dimensional, degeneracy, application to linear conjugated molecular system, free particles, ring systems.Harmonic Oscillator-wave equation and solution, anharmonicity, force constant and its significance.Rigid Rotor-wave equation and solution, calculation of rotational constants and bond length of diatomic molecules.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Applications to Hydrogen and Poly electron atoms: Hydrogen atom and hydrogen like ions, Hamiltonian-wave equation and solutions, radial and angular functions, representation of radial distribution functions.Approximation methods –variation methods: trial wave function, variation integral and application to particle in 1D box. Perturbation method - first order applications.Hatrefock self-consistent field method, Hohenberg-Kohn theorem and Kohn-Sham equation (Basics and Significance), Helium atom-electron spin, paulis exclusion principle and Slater determination.</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: Group theory: Groups, sub groups, symmetry elements, operations, classification-axial and non-axial. Dihedral point groups-C_n,C_{nh}, D_n, D_{nh}, D_{nd}, Tdand Oh.Matrix representation and classes of symmetry operations, reducible irreducible and direct product representation. The Great orthogonality theorem –irreduciblerepresentation and reduction formula, construction of character table for C_{2v}, C_{2h}, C_{3v} and D_{2h} point groups.</td></tr>
</table>

	UNIT-V: Applications of quantum and group theory: Hydrogen Molecule-Molecular orbital theory and Heitler London (VB) treatment, Energy level diagram, Hydrogen molecule ion; Use of linear variation function and LCAO methods.Electronic conjugated system:Huckel method to Ethylene butadiene, cyclopropenyl, cyclo butadiene and Benzene. Applications of group theory to molecular vibrations, electronic spectra of ethylene. Methane, Ammonia and BF3.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. R.K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2010, 4th revised edition. 2. F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, John Wiley & Sons, 2003, 2nd edition. 3. A. Vincent, Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory. A Programmed Introduction to Chemical Applications, John and Willy & Sons Ltd., 2013, 2nd Edition. 4. T. Engel & Philip Reid, Quantum Chemistry and Spectroscopy, Pearson, New Delhi, 2018, 4th edition. 5. G. K. Vemulapalli, Physical Chemistry, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 2001. 6. D.A. McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry, Viva Books PW. Ltd, 2013, 2nd edition.
Reference Books	1. N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, Allyn& Bacon Inc, 1983, 4th edition. 2. D.A. McQuarrie and J. D. Simon, Physical Chemistry, A Molecular Approach, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2012. 3. R. P. Rastogi & V. K. Srivastava, An Introduction to Quantum Mechanics of Chemical Systems, Oxford & IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1999. 4. R.L. Flurry. Jr, Symmetry Group Theory and Chemical applications, Prentice Hall. Inc, 1980 5. J. M. Hollas, Symmetry in Molecules, Chapman and Hall, London, 2011, Reprint.

Website and e-learning source	1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104101124 2. https://ipc.iisc.ac.in/~kls/teaching.html

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To discuss the characteristics of wave functions and symmetry functions.

CO2: To classify the symmetry operation and wave equations.

CO3: To apply the concept of quantum mechanics and group theory to predict the electronic structure.

CO4: To specify the appropriate irreducible representations for theoretical applications.

CO5: To develop skills in evaluating the energies of molecular spectra.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to POs	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL PRODUCTS</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective VII</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td>Credits</td><td>4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of general chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To learn the basic concepts and biological importance of biomolecules and natural products.
To explain various of functions of carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids, steroids and hormones.
To understand the functions of alkaloids and terpenoids.
To elucidate the structure determination of biomolecules and natural products.
To extract and construct the structure of new alkaloids and terpenoids from different methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Alkaloids: Introduction, occurrence, classification, isolation and functions ofalkaloids. Classification, general methods of structuralelucidation. Chemical methods of structure determination of Coniine, Piperine, Nicotine, Papaverine. Atropine, Quinine, Belladine, Cocaine, Heptaphylline, Papaverine and Morphine.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II: Terpenoids: Introduction, occurrence, Isoprene rule,classification. General methods of determiningstructure.. Structure determination of Camphor, Abietic acid, Cadinene, Squalene, Zingiberine.Carotenoids: Introduction, geometricalisomerism, Structure, functions and synthesis of β-carotene andvitamin-A.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Anthocyaninesandflavones: Anthocyanines: Introduction toanthocyanines.Structure and general methods of synthesis ofanthocyanines. Cyanidine chloride: structure anddetermination.Flavones: Biological importance of flavones. Structure and determination of flavone andflavonoids. Quercetin: Structure determination andimportance.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: PurinesandSteroids:Purines: Introduction, occurrence and isolation of purines. Classification and spectral properties of steroids. biological importance, Structure and synthesis of Uric acid and Caffeine. Steroids: Steroids-Introduction, occurrence, nomenclature, configuration of substituents, Diels' hydrocarbon, stereochemistry, classification, Diels' hydrocarbon, biological importance, colour reactions of sterols, cholesterol-occurrence, tests, physiological activity, biosynthesis of cholesterol from squalene.</td></tr>
</table>

	UNIT-V: NaturalDyes: Occurrence, classification, isolation, purification, properties, colour andconstitution. Structural determination and synthesis of indigoitin andalizarin.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. G. K. Chatwal, Organic Chemistry on Natural Products, Vol. 1, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2009. 2. G. K. Chatwal, Organic Chemistry on Natural Products, Vol. 2, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai,2009. 3. O. P. Agarwal, Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, Vol. 1, Goel Publishing House, Meerut,1997. 4. O. P. Agarwal, Chemistry of Organic Natural Products, Vol. 2, Goel Publishing House, Meerut,1997. 5. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry Vol-2, 5th edition,PearsonEducation Asia, 1975.
Reference Books	1. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry Vol-1, 6th edition, Pearson Education Asia,2004. 2. Pelletier, Chemistry of Alkaloids, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co,2000. 3. Shoppe, Chemistry of the steroids, Butterworthes,1994. 4. I. A. Khan, and A. Khanum. Role of Biotechnology in medicinal & aromatic plants, Vol 1 and Vol 10, Ukkaz Publications, Hyderabad,2004.
Website and e-learning source	https://sites.google.com/site/chemistryebookscollection02/home/organic-chemistry/organic

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:

CO1: To understand the biological importance of chemistry of natural products.

CO2: To scientifically plan and perform the isolation and characterization of synthesized natural products.

CO3: To elucidate the structure of alkaloids, terpenoids, carotenoids, falvanoids and anthocyanins.

CO4: To determine the structure of phytochemical constituents by chemical and physical methods.

CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve biological activity of active components.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">POLYMER CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Elective VIII</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>II</td><td rowspan="2">Credits</td><td rowspan="2">4</td><td>Course Code</td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>IV</td></tr>
<tr><td>Instructional hours per week</td><td>Lecture</td><td>Tutorial</td><td colspan="3">Lab Practice</td><td colspan="2">Total</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td>4</td><td>1</td><td colspan="3">-</td><td colspan="2">5</td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Basic knowledge of general chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7">To learn the basic concepts and bonding in polymers.
To explain various types of polymerization reactions and kinetics.
To understand the importance of industrial polymers and their synthetic uses.
To determine the molecular weight of polymers.
To predict the degradation of polymers and conductivities.</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Course Outline</td><td colspan="7">UNIT-I: Characterization, Molecular weight and its Determination: Primary and secondary bond forces in polymers; cohesiveenergy, molecular structure, chemical tests, thermal methods, Tg, molecular distribution, stability.Determination of Molecular mass of polymers: Number Average molecular mass (M_n)and Weight average molecular mass (M_w) ofpolymers. Molecular weight determination of high polymers by physical and methods.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-II:Mechanism and kinetics ofPolymerization: Chain growth polymerization: Cationic, anionic, free radical polymerization, Stereo regular polymers: Ziegler Nattapolymerization. Reaction kinetics. Step growthpolymerization, Degree of polymerization.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-III: Techniques of Polymerization andPolymerDegradation: Bulk, Solution, Emulsion, Suspension, solid, interfacial and gas phasepolymerization. Types of Polymer Degradation, Thermal degradation, mechanicaldegradation, photodegradation, Photostabilizers, Solid and gas phase polymerization.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-IV: IndustrialPolymers: Preparation of fibre forming polymers, elastomericmaterial.
Thermoplastics:Polyethylene,Polypropylene,polystyrene,Polyacrylonitrile,PolyVinyl Chloride, Poly tetrafluoro ethylene, nylon andpolyester. Thermosetting Plastics: Phenol formaldehyde and expoxideresin. Elastomers: Natural rubber and synthetic rubber - Buna - N, Buna-S and neoprene. Conducting Polymers: Elementary ideas; examples: poly sulphur nitriles, polyphenylene, poly pyrrole and polyacetylene.Polymethylmethacrylate, polyimides,polyamides,polyurethanes, polyureas, polyethylene and polypropyleneglycols.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="7">UNIT-V:PolymerProcessing: Compounding:Polymer Additives: Fillers, Plasticizers, antioxidants, thermal stabilizers, fire retardantsand colourants. Processing Techniques:Calendaring, die casting, compression moulding, injection moulding, blow moulding andreinforcing. Film casting,Thermofoaming, Foaming. Catalysis and catalysts – Polymerization catalysis, catalyst support, clay compounds, basic catalyst, auto-exhaust catalysis, vanadium, heterogeneous catalysis and active centres.</td></tr>
<tr><td>Extended Professional Component</td><td colspan="7">Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved
(To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)</td></tr>
</table>

(is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	**1.** V.R. Gowariker, *Polymer Science*, Wiley Eastern,1995. 2. G.S. Misra, *Introductory Polymer Chemistry*, New Age International (Pvt) Limited,1996. 3. M.S. Bhatnagar, A Text Book of Polymers, vol-I & II, S.Chand & Company, New Delhi, 2004.
Reference Books	1. F. N. Billmeyer, *Textbook of Polymer Science*, Wiley Interscience,1971. 2. A. Kumar and S. K. Gupta, *Fundamentals and Polymer Science and Engineering*, Tata McGraw-Hill,1978.

Course Learning Outcomes (for Mapping with POs and PSOs)

Students will be able:
CO1: To understand the bonding in polymers.
CO2: To scientifically plan and perform the various polymerization reactions.
CO3: To observe and record the processing of polymers.
CO4: To calculate the molecular weight by physical and chemical methods.
CO5: To interpret the experimental data scientifically to improve the quality of synthetic polymers.

CO-PO Mapping (Course Articulation Matrix)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO 1	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**
CO 2	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 3	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**
CO 4	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**S**	**S**
CO 5	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**M**	**S**	**S**

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Level of Correlation between PSO's and CO's

CO /PO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3
Weightage	15	15	15	15	15
Weighted percentage of Course Contribution to Pos	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0

3 – Strong, 2 – Medium, 1 - Low

Title of the Course: CORE INDUSTRIAL MODULES

PaperNumber:COREX

SuggestivetopicsforCoreIndustryModules:

1. IndustrialProcessesRecommended Text:

1. H.A.Strobel,ChemicalInstrumentation:ASystematicapproach,2nd Edition(1973)AdditionWesley,Reading,Mass
2. R.L.Pecsok,L.D.Shields,T.CavinsandL.C.Mcwilliam,2nd Edition(1976),jo hnWiley&Sons,NewYork
3. E.W.Berg,ChemicalMethodsofSeparations,1st Edition(1963),McGrawHill,NewYork

2.Chemometricsandqualitycontrol inindustryRecommendedText:

4. G.D.Christian,Analyticalchemistry,5th edition(1994),JohnWiley&Sons,NewYork
5. M.A.SharatandD.L.Illuran,Chemometrics,JohnWiley,NewYork
6. Canlcutt andR.Roddy,StatisticsforAnalyticalChemists,ChapmamandHall,Ne wYork.

Title of the Course	**PROJECT VIVA**						
Paper No.	**Elective VIII**						
Category	**Core**	**Year**	II	**Credits**	9	**Course Code**	
		Semester	IV				
Instructional hours per week	**Lecture**	**Tutorial**	**Lab Practice**			**Total**	
						10	
Prerequisites	Basic knowledge of General Chemistry Research						

<table>
<tr><td>Title of the Course</td><td colspan="7">COMPUTATIONAL CHEMISTRY</td></tr>
<tr><td>Paper No.</td><td colspan="7">Skill Enhancement Course</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Category</td><td rowspan="2">Core</td><td>Year</td><td>I</td><td>Credits</td><td>2</td><td>Course Code</td><td>PCCHTSE2</td></tr>
<tr><td>Semester</td><td>II</td><td colspan="4"></td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2"></td><td></td><td></td><td colspan="4"></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td colspan="4"></td><td></td></tr>
<tr><td>Prerequisites</td><td colspan="7">Knowledge of Computers and information about Chemistry</td></tr>
<tr><td>Objectives of the course</td><td colspan="7"></td></tr>
<tr><td>Course Outline</td><td colspan="7"><u>Unit I</u>
Basics of Computers: Hardware and Software – Types of Languages: Higher level and lower languages, examples. BIOS and RAM: Significance. – Central Processing Unit and GPU Input Devices and Types of computing: Parallel and Sequential. Types: Personal Computers, Notebook, Workstation, Servers and Supercomputers- Definitions and examples. Storage Device: Magnetic tapes vs Solid State disks. Memory devices: OLED and OFET descriptions

<u>Unit II</u>
Approach to computing: Flowcharts: Significance of flowcharts and example to compute simple examples in chemistry like pH of a solution, Temperature conversion (F to C) and van der Waals' equation, First Order rate equation – all using BASIC programming. About useful programming languages for Chemistry: Examples C and C++ and Python (only introduction). Resources on the internet – Drawing of Chemical Structures and saving formats: ChemSketch and similar freeware. Online services for property prediction and internet basics (Example: Molinspiration)- Format conversions: OpenBabel

<u>Unit III</u>
Applications of Computational Sciences in Chemistry: Computational Quantum Chemistry and its applications, Prediction of Molecular Properties using Computational chemistry softwares, Overview of Quantum Chemistry Theories like HF, SCF and Approximation methods and their level of accuracy and hierarchy of computational requirements. Basis Sets used in computation. Overview of Computer aided Drug Design and prediction of Material properties. Analysis of optimized structure for geometry parameters like bond length, angle and torsional angle. Charge on the atoms – Mulliken, Lowdin and NBO charges and population.

<u>Unit IV</u>
Computational Methods and Software: Molecular Dynamics, Semi-empirical methods, ab-initio and Density Functional Theory – Definitions and Significance. Introduction to Software available for all the above methods (Opensource like AMBER, MOPAC, GAMESS) including web based (online submission). Input generation using coordinates and z matrix. Generation of coordinates for Water, Hydrogen Peroxide, Formaldehyde, Methane, Ethane, Ethylene, Benzene and Aniline. Calculation of properties from these methods, including zero-point energy and reaction coordinates (description).

<u>Unit V</u>
Cheminformatics and Molecular Modelling – Molecular descriptors to include HOMO, LUMO, Softness, Hardness, Dipole moment and log P. Fukui functions for predicting reactivity of molecules using FMO - Nucleophilicity and Electrophilicity - Band gap estimation in eV and their</td></tr>
</table>

	significance. QSAR and QSPR: Relating bio-reactivity with structure using simple IC_{50} values. Use of Hammett-Taft equation and Lipinski Rule – Drug Designing basics to include action mechanism and using PDB structures for docking with software and Score prediction. Conformational Analysis – Ramachandran Plot. Protein Data Base and its significance.
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)
Skills acquired from this course	Knowledge, Problem solving, Analytical ability, Professional Competency, Professional Communication and Transferable skills.
Recommended Text	1. Molecular Modeling – Principles and Applications, A. R. Leach (Addison Wesley Longman) 2. Introduction to Computational Chemistry, F. Jensen (Wiley) Essentials of Computational Chemistry – Theories and Models, C. J. Cramer (Wiley) 3. Computational Chemistry – A Practical Guide fo Applying Techniques to Real World Problems, David Young (Wiley) 4. Exploring Chemistry with Electronic Structure Methods, J. B. Foresman and A. Frisch (Gaussian Inc.)
Reference Books	6.
Website and e-learning source	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/5-04-principles-of-inorganic-chemistry-ii-fall-2008/pages/syllabus/

Title of the Course	**INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY**						
Paper No.	**Skill Enhancement Course**						
Category	**Core**	**Year**	I	**Credits**	2	**Course Code**	
		Semester	II				
Prerequisites	Analytical techniques in chemistry and fundamentals of industry						
Objectives of the course							
Course Outline	**Unit I** **Statistical Quality Control Techniques**: Statistical treatment of data. Control charts, Performance Evaluation uncertainties in measurement. Validation of analytical methods. Quality Assurance: Elements of quality Assurance, Quality Management System Quality management concepts and principles: ISO 9001:2000 QMS Case studies on ISO 9001: 2000 in chemical industries. ISO 14000 Series of Standards. TQM in Chemical Industry. Six Sigma Approach to Quality: Applying Six Sigma to chemical Industries. Good Laboratory Practices: Principles of GLP, GMP in Drugs and Pharmaceutical						

	Industries Accreditation of QC laboratories: Tools and Mechanisms ICH Guidelines on Drug substances and Products.
	Unit II **Distillation Unit Process**: Introduction, volatility, relative volatility, general equipment for distillation, types of distillation processes, concept of batch and continuous distillation, simple steam distillation, advantages and disadvantages of steam distillation, application of steam distillation in various chemical processes. Evaporation and Drying Introduction, factors affecting the rate of evaporation and choice of evaporators, application of evaporation in chemical process industries, equipment- climbing film evaporator, Introduction of drying process, free moisture, bound moisture and equilibrium moisture content, purpose of drying, equipment- rotary dryer.
	Unit III **Purification and Filtration**: Introduction, filter media and filter aids, characteristics of ideal filter aids, factors affecting the rate of filtration and choice of filter media, equipment- bag filters and candle filters. Absorption Introduction, desorption or gas stripping, equipment-spray column for absorption. Material Balance Introduction, steady and unsteady state of flow processes, material balance equation without chemical reactions, flow/block diagrams for various industrially important chemical engineering operations such as distillation, absorption and crystallization and their overall material balance equation.
	Unit IV **Metallurgical operations**: Definition, crushing and pulverization, concentration methods, gravity separation, magnetic concentration, froth flotation process, chemical methods- calcination and roasting, reduction using carbon and carbon monoxide, Alumino thermite reduction, auto reduction, reduction using precipitation method, refining methods polling, parting and electrolyte refining. Metallurgical Extraction Metallurgical extraction and refining of the following metals from their important ores: Lead from galena, Aluminum from bauxite and Zinc from Zinc blende.
	Unit V **Industrial hygiene & Safety**: Concept, air and biological monitoring, occupational disease, operational control measures, personal protective equipments; Industrial hazards and Safety: Process hazards checklists, hazard surveys, safety program, Hazop safety reviews. Industrial pollution: Classification of hazards chemicals, storage, transportation, handling, risk assessments, challenges/solutions. Ecofriendly effluents disposal: Water pollutants, health hazards, sampling and analysis of water, water treatment, different industrial and domestic effluents and their treatment and disposal, advanced waste water treatment, effluent quality standards and laws, chemical industries, tannery, dairy, textile effluents, common treatment. Sensors: Concept of molecular sensors its properties and applications
Extended Professional Component (is a part of internal component only, Not to be included in the external examination question paper)	Questions related to the above topics, from various competitive examinations UPSC / TRB / NET/ UGC-CSIR / GATE /TNPSC others to be solved (To be discussed during the Tutorial hours)

Recommended Text	1. Physical chemistry by B.R Puri, I.R Sharma and M.S Pathania. Study Material in Vocational Subject to Industrial Chemistry (B.Sc. I, UGC) Sponsored (Text Book) 2. Principles of Extractive Metallurgy, Herbashi Vol. 1 and 2. 3. Introduction to Chemical Engineering W.L. Badger and J.T. Banchero, Mc Graw- Hill Book Co.,USA. 4. Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering W.L. McCabe and J.C Smith, Mc Graw- Hill Books co., New York. 5. Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, Tata McGraw-Hill. 6. Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, J.A. Kent, J.A.(ed), CBS Publishers, New Delhi. 7. Saxena Ruchi, Srivastava Alok Kumar, "Read & Do Practical Chemistry", Kitab Mahal, New Delhi, India (2016). 8. Skoog D. A., West. D.M and Holler .F.J., "Analytical Chemistry: An Introduction", 7th edition, Saunders college publishing, Philadelphia (2010). 9. G. Larry Hargis, "Analytical Chemistry: Principles and Techniques" Pearson© (1988)
Suggested links for e-resources	Suggested links for e-resources: https://swayam.gov.in/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104113/ https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19_ph14/preview http://heecontent.upsdc.gov.in/Home.aspx https://ncert.nic.in/textbook.php?kech1=0-7 https://www.labster.com/chemistry-virtual-labs/ http://chemcollective.org/vlab